CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

County Board Chippewa County, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa County, Wisconsin (County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa County as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Chippewa County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.D.14 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2023, Chippewa County adopted new accounting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The guidance requires the County to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset and corresponding subscription liability for arrangements with terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Chippewa County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Chippewa County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Chippewa County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) schedules, and pension plan schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Chippewa County's basic financial statements. The individual and combining fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of Chippewa County for the year ended December 31, 2022 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated July 19, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The 2022 individual and combining fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2022 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the 2022 individual and combining fund statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 15, 2024 on our consideration of Chippewa County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Chippewa County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Chippewa County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin July 15, 2024

As management of Chippewa County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Chippewa County for the year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which begin on page 17 following this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2023 include the following:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Chippewa County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$205,116,927 (net position). Of this amount, \$130,715,029 represented the County's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$12,364,063 was held for restricted purposes, and \$62,037,835 was unrestricted. The unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the County's total net position increased by \$11,274,753. Net position related to the governmental activities of the County increased \$11,288,601 and net position related to business-type activities decreased \$13,848.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,778,101, an increase of \$2,144,407 from the previous year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$14,288,683 or 36% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's outstanding general obligation debt decreased by \$1,590,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Chippewa County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Chippewa County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Chippewa County's assets and deferred outflows, less liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Chippewa County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture, recreation and education, and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the County consist of a land development operation relating to the former County farm.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Chippewa County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Chippewa County maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the human services special revenue fund, the CDBG grant fund, the county sales tax fund, the WRRWC special revenue fund, the American Rescue Plan Act fund, and the debt service fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. Chippewa County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for transactions relating to the development of its farm property. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Chippewa County uses internal service funds to account for its highway department operations, self-funded workers compensation, self-funded liability insurance, self-funded health insurance, and Section 125 flexible benefits plan. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information relating to the farm land development, which is considered a major fund. Conversely, the five internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Data from fiduciary funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each fiduciary fund is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 30 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information on the general fund and major special revenue fund budgets, and pension and OPEB schedules. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 73 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 83 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Chippewa County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$205,116,927 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The largest portion of Chippewa County's net position (63.7%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following is a summary of the County's statement of net position:

Condensed Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 108,055,093	\$ 116,346,404	\$ 6,715,009	\$ 6,719,744	\$ 114,770,102	\$ 123,066,148			
Capital Assets	139,609,934	132,586,820	22,653	22,653	139,632,587	132,609,473			
Total Assets	247,665,027	248,933,224	6,737,662	6,742,397	254,402,689	255,675,621			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,535,224	22,346,337	-	-	27,535,224	22,346,337			
Long-Term Debt	8,450,000	10,040,000	-	-	8,450,000	10,040,000			
Other Long-Term Obligations	3,169,347	2,776,236	-	-	3,169,347	2,776,236			
Other Liabilities	27,587,597 23,845,506		16,445	7,332	27,604,042	23,852,838			
Total Liabilities	39,206,944	36,661,742	16,445	7,332	39,223,389	36,669,074			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	37,597,597	47,510,710			37,597,597	47,510,710			
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	130,692,376	125,377,983	22,653	22,653	130,715,029	125,400,636			
Restricted	12,364,063	23,155,828	-	-	12,364,063	23,155,828			
Unrestricted	55,339,271	38,573,298	6,698,564	6,712,412	62,037,835	45,285,710			
Total Net Position	\$ 198,395,710	\$ 187,107,109	\$ 6,721,217	\$ 6,735,065	\$ 205,116,927	\$ 193,842,174			

An additional portion of Chippewa County's net position (6.0%) represents resources that are subject to other restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$62,037,835 of total net position (30.3%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. It is important to note that \$6,698,564 of this unrestricted net position is related to the County's business-type activities. Consequently, they generally may not be used to fund governmental activities.

At the end of 2023, Chippewa County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

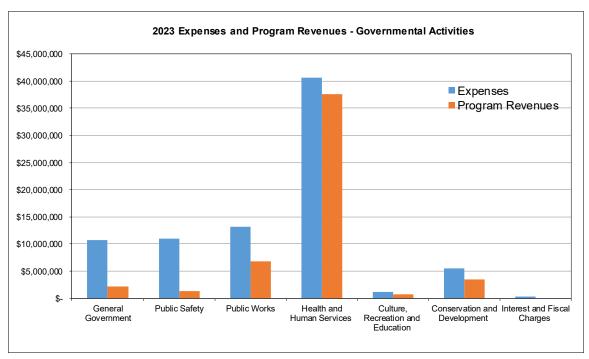
The County's net position increased by \$11,274,753 during the current fiscal year. The increase consisted of an increase in net position related to governmental activities in the amount of \$11,288,601 and a decrease in net position related to business-type activities in the amount of \$13,848.

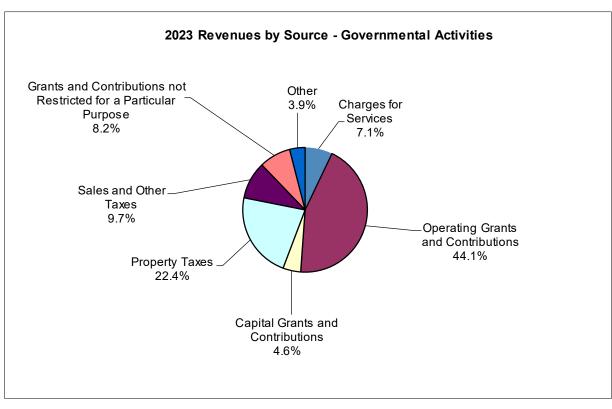
The following is a summary of the changes in the County's net position for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Governmer	ital Activities	Business-Type	e Activities	Totals			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 6,643,494	\$ 6,443,891	\$ 122,211	\$ 371,702	\$ 6,765,705	\$ 6,815,593		
Operating Grants and Contributions	41,235,664	37,143,047	-	-	41,235,664	37,143,047		
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,307,763	4,431,592	-	-	4,307,763	4,431,592		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	20,941,066	20,563,711	-	-	20,941,066	20,563,711		
Sales/Other Taxes	9,070,975	8,873,866	-	-	9,070,975	8,873,866		
State and Federal Aids Not Restricted								
to Specific Programs	7,670,744	5,273,274	-	-	7,670,744	5,273,274		
Other	3,707,378	(289,599)	-	1,305	3,707,378	(288,294)		
Total Revenues	93,577,084	82,439,782	122,211	373,007	93,699,295	82,812,789		
Expenses:								
General Government	10,729,519	9,537,880	-	-	10,729,519	9,537,880		
Public Safety	10,933,622	9,172,815	-	-	10,933,622	9,172,815		
Public Works	13,209,612	9,758,214	-	-	13,209,612	9,758,214		
Health and Human Services	40,583,016	35,513,855	-	-	40,583,016	35,513,855		
Culture, Recreation and Education	1,117,601	1,283,996	-	-	1,117,601	1,283,996		
Conservation and Development	5,473,136	5,037,243	-	-	5,473,136	5,037,243		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	241,977	196,290	-	-	241,977	196,290		
Farm Land Development	-	-	136,059	42,450	136,059	42,450		
Total Expenses	82,288,483	70,500,293	136,059	42,450	82,424,542	70,542,743		
Change in Net Position	11,288,601	11,939,489	(13,848)	330,557	11,274,753	12,270,046		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	187,107,109	175,167,620	6,735,065	6,404,508	193,842,174	181,572,128		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 198,395,710	\$ 187,107,109	\$ 6,721,217	\$ 6,735,065	\$ 205,116,927	\$ 193,842,174		

A review of the statement of activities can provide a concise picture of how the various functions/programs of Chippewa County are funded. The following charts draw data from the statement of activities. For governmental activities the County's main services for funding governmental services are property taxes (22.4%), operating grants/contributions (44.1%), and sales and other taxes (9.7%).





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S MAJOR FUNDS

As noted earlier, Chippewa County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing Chippewa County's financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2023, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,778,101, an increase of \$2,144,407 from the previous year. The governmental funds comprising this balance are shown below:

	Fund Balances						Dec	cember 31, 20		Current Yea				
	No	Nonspendable Restricted		Restricted	Committed		Assigned		Unassigned			Total		Change
Major Funds:														
General Fund	\$	1,494,145	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,398,983	\$	14,288,683	\$	24,181,811	\$	1,882,470
Human Services Fund		300		-		982,936		-		-		983,236		878,373
CDBG Grant Fund		-		304,986		-		-		-		304,986		98,428
County Sales Tax Fund		-		-		16,078,109		-		-		16,078,109		2,067,451
WRRWC Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
American Rescue Plan Act Fund		-		-		477,615		-		-		477,615		451,342
Debt Service Fund		-		768,420		-		-		-		768,420		(61,970)
Nonmajor Funds:														
Special Revenue Funds		-		557,581		1,426,343		-		-		1,983,924		(145,421)
Capital Projects Funds														(3,026,266)
	\$	1,494,445	\$	1,630,987	\$	18,965,003	\$	8,398,983	\$	14,288,683	\$	44,778,101	\$	2,144,407

Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific purpose, and legally restricted by outside parties. Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the governmental imposes upon itself by high-level action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and included all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The general fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of Chippewa County. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both total fund balance and unassigned fund balance to measures of operating volume such as fund expenditures or fund revenues. The total year-end general fund balance represented 61.3% of total general fund expenditures reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances while the unassigned balance represented 36.2% of the same amount.

The general fund's total fund balance increased \$1,882,470 during the year; while the unassigned portion of the fund increased \$3,049,632. The primary factor for the increase in fund balance was an increase in the fair value of investments during the year.

The County's human services fund increased \$878,373 during the year and had a balance of \$983,236 at year-end. This balance was committed by the County for financing future human services program expenditures.

The CDBG grant fund balance increased \$98,428 during the year and had a balance of \$304,986 at year-end. This balance, together with the outstanding receivables totaling \$10,863,764 at that date, are restricted for financing future housing rehabilitation loans in accordance with the original grant agreements.

The County sales tax fund balance increased \$2,067,451 during the year and had a balance of \$16,078,109 at year-end. The increase was due to sales tax revenues exceeding budgeted transfers to other funds for debt retirement and capital improvement projects, and the return of remaining funds which had been transferred in prior years for capital improvement projects.

The WRRWC fund had no change and ended the year with zero fund balance. This fund is used for the activities of a nine county consortium. The fund balance, if any, is committed for the activities of the consortium.

The American Rescue Plan Act fund had a fund balance of \$477,615 at year-end. This fund is used for specific expenditures that the County approves in accordance with the American Rescue Plan Act. The fund balance, if any, is committed for the specified County activities.

The debt service fund balance decreased \$61,970 during the year and had a balance of \$768,420 at year-end. This balance is restricted or committed for financing future principal and interest requirements on outstanding debt issues.

The aggregated other governmental funds include various special revenue funds and capital projects funds. The accumulated fund balances of these funds decreased \$3,171,687 during 2023. These funds are individually detailed in the supplementary information section of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Chippewa County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As shown below, the net position of the enterprise fund type proprietary fund at the end of 2023 totaled \$6,721,217.

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position for Enterprise Funds Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Farm Land Development					
			2022			
Operating Revenues	\$	122,211	\$	373,007		
Operating Expenses		136,059		42,450		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(13,848)		330,557		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		6,735,065		6,404,508		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,721,217	\$	6,735,065		

As of December 31, 2023, the County's farm land development fund reported net position of \$6,721,217, a decrease of \$13,848 from the previous year. Of the net position balance, \$22,653 consisted of the amount invested in capital assets net of related debt (exclusive of capital assets held for resale). During 1995 the County discontinued operations of its county farm and subsequently disposed of all the non-land farm capital assets. Proceeds from the disposition of the assets and the remaining fund equity of the farm enterprise fund were used to establish the farm land development fund.

The County had five internal service funds during 2023. Net position of the funds at year-end and changes thereto during the year were as follows:

		Net	Investment in					Change
<u>Fund</u>	Total	Ca	apital Assets	Restricted	L	Inrestricted	D	uring Year
Highway Department Self-Funded Insurance Funds:	\$ 19,160,818	\$	11,418,251	\$ -	\$	7,742,567	\$	1,648,701
Workers' Compensation	1,000,000		1,797	-		998,203		138,403
Health Insurance	3,278,039		-	-		3,278,039		476,993
Liability Insurance	383,796		-	-		383,796		356,571
Flexible Benefits	 95,002			_		95,002		3,447
Total	\$ 23,917,655	\$	11,420,048	\$ 	\$	12,497,607	\$	2,624,115

The County uses the highway department fund to account for road maintenance and construction and related services provided to the County and to the state of Wisconsin and local governmental units. Annual appropriations for services for the County and related state and federal aids received are initially recorded in the general fund and paid to the highway fund.

The self-funded insurance funds shown above are further discussed in Note 3.E.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

As shown in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the general fund (in required supplementary information), the final 2023 general fund budget was different than the original budget adopted by the County Board, primarily due to the appropriation of unbudgeted grant funds and their inclusion of continuing appropriations from 2022 not included in the original budget. The County saw an increase in fund balance compared to the budgeted decrease, due to an increase in fair value of investments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$139,632,587 and \$133,111,293, respectively, (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, and highway infrastructure. The net increase in the governmental activities capital assets was \$6,521,294.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization) December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities					usiness-Ty	/ре А	ctivities	Totals			
		2023	2022		2023			2022	2023			2022
Land and Land Rights	\$	5,123,908	\$	5,123,908	\$	22,653	\$	22,653	\$	5,146,561	\$	5,146,561
Construction Work in Progress		12,284,583		11,431,052		-		-		12,284,583		11,431,052
Gravel Pits and Quarries		50,872		55,715		-		-		50,872		55,715
Land Improvements		6,486,718		6,120,356		-		-		6,486,718		6,120,356
Buildings and Improvements		13,332,457		13,994,930		-		-		13,332,457		13,994,930
Equipment and Vehicles		10,709,402		10,731,511		-		-		10,709,402		10,731,511
Subscription Asset		411,472		501,820		-		-		411,472		501,820
Right-to-Use Lease - Equipment		61,613		105,548		-		-		61,613		105,548
Highway Infrastructure		91,148,909		85,023,800				-		91,148,909		85,023,800
Total	\$	139,609,934	\$	133,088,640	\$	22,653	\$	22,653	\$	139,632,587	\$	133,111,293

Additional information related to the County's capital assets is reported in Note 2.C following the financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

At December 31, 2023, Chippewa County had outstanding \$11,808,717 of long-term debt and other long-term liabilities. A summary detail of this amount, together with the percent change from the previous year, is shown below:

Outstanding Long-Term Obligations December 31, 2023 and 2022

													%
		Governmental Activities			В	Business-Type Activities				Totals Ou	ıtsta	anding	Change
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
General Obligation Debt:								1					
Notes	\$	8,450,000	\$	10,040,000	\$	=	\$	-	\$	8,450,000	\$	10,040,000	-15.8
Other Long-Term Obligations:													
Bond Premiums		189,370		272,651		-		-		189,370		272,651	-30.5
Subscription Liability		374,402		501,820		-		-		374,402		501,820	-25.4
Lease Liability		57,830		103,712		-		-		57,830		103,712	-44.2
Estimated Employee Leave		2,737,115		2,672,524		-		_		2,737,115		2,672,524	2.4
Total	\$	11,808,717	\$	13,590,707	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,808,717	\$	13,590,707	-13.1
I Olai	φ	11,000,717	φ	10,080,707	φ		φ		φ	11,000,717	φ	13,380,707	-13.1

Under Wisconsin State Statutes, the outstanding general obligation long-term debt of a county may not exceed 5% of the equalized property value of all taxable property within the jurisdiction. The applicable debt of Chippewa County outstanding at December 31, 2023 totaled \$8,450,000, approximately 1.8% of the maximum legal limit of \$464,939,310. Additional information on Chippewa County's long-term debt is reported in Note 2.E following the financial statements.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

Tax Levies, Rates and Collections

In November of each year, the County Board adopts an annual budget for the ensuing calendar year. At that time levies on real estate and personal property for county taxes are set which, when collected in the ensuing year, will be sufficient to cover budgeted operating expenses, debt service, contingency fund and other expenditures of the County. Taxes on real estate and personal property become due on January 1 of each year and become delinquent after the first day of February of each year. A taxpayer may elect, as is his right, to pay his annual real estate property taxes in two installments. The first installment becomes delinquent after January 31, and the last installment becomes delinquent after July 31 of each year. Special assessment taxes must be paid in full by January 31 of each year.

Set forth below are tax levies for County purposes and the tax rate per \$1,000 equalized valuation on all taxable property in the County for collection years 2019-2023:

				Uncollected	
				Taxes	Percent of
Levy	Collection	County	County	as of	County
Year	Year	Tax Rate	Levy	December 31	Levy Collected
2023	2024	2.40%	\$ 21,110,729	In Process	of Collection
2022	2023	2.72	20,941,066	\$ 1,104,542	94.73 %
2021	2022	3.10	20,638,711	949,206	95.40 %
2020	2021	3.26	19,953,142	988,984	95.04 %
2019	2020	3.43	19,543,812	1,116,380	94.29 %

Equalized Valuations

All equalized valuations of property in the State of Wisconsin are determined by the State of Wisconsin, Department of Revenue, Supervisor of Assessments Office. Equalized valuations are the State's estimate of full market value. The State determines assessed valuations of all manufacturing property in the State. Assessed valuations of residential and commercial property are determined by local assessors.

Set forth in the table below are equalized valuations of property located within the County for the years 2019 through 2023. The County's Equalized Valuation outside of Tax Incentive Districts (TID) and once TID valuations are included have both increased the last four years.

	Equalized	Equalized
	Valuation	Valuation
Year Ending December 31,	(TID-IN)	(TID-OUT)
2023	\$ 9,298,786,200	\$ 8,806,721,900
2022	8,134,357,300	7,699,372,900
2021	7,010,535,800	6,662,368,300
2020	6,494,497,900	6,112,557,400
2019	6,046,130,300	5,693,384,000

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The overall tax rate for the 2024 budget year decreased from a rate of \$3.10/\$1000 of assessed value to a rate of \$2.72/\$1000, an overall decrease of 14%. The resultant overall tax levy increased from a dollar amount of \$20,638,711 to \$20,941,066- an overall increase of 1.46%.

Chippewa County has implemented and receives a 0.5% County wide sales tax on an annual basis. Sales tax revenues received in one year are utilized in the following budget year. During 2023, a total of \$6.895,284 was transferred from the sales tax fund as follows:

Property Tax Credit	\$ 1,577,764
Debt Service Fund	1,849,630
Airport Debt Contribution	132,890
Highway Construction	1,600,000
Sound and Video Equipment	75,000
Land Conservation Stewardship	50,000
Computer Pool	225,000
Facilities Projects	785,000
Sheriff Capital Improvement	350,000
Vehicle Fleet Pool Purchases	 250,000
Total	\$ 6,895,284

The sales tax fund generated \$8,962,735 in sales tax revenues and interest earnings during 2023. In the budget year of 2024 the County approved the use of sales tax dollars as follows:

Property Tax Credit	\$ 3,445,058
Debt Service Fund	1,084,955
Airport Debt Contribution	132,890
Highway Construction	3,100,000
Land Conservation Stewardship	50,000
Computer Pool	275,000
Facilities Projects	975,000
Sheriff Capital Improvement	166,000
Vehicle Fleet Pool Purchases	 300,000
Total	\$ 9,528,903

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Chippewa County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chippewa County Finance Director, 711 North Bridge Street, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, 54729.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 56,353,606	\$ 4,092,597	\$ 60,446,203
Departmental Cash and Investments	130,627	-	130,627
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agent	1,554,224	-	1,554,224
Taxes Receivable	22,219,853	-	22,219,853
Accounts Receivable	3,326,956	=	3,326,956
Lease Receivable	206,346	=	206,346
Due from Other Governments	9,433,873	=	9,433,873
Long-Term Receivables	10,865,461	-	10,865,461
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	3,964,147	=	3,964,147
Noncurrent Assets:			
Notes Receivable	=	1,390,650	1,390,650
Property Held for Resale	-	1,231,762	1,231,762
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	17,408,491	22,653	17,431,144
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	246,159,360	=	246,159,360
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(123,957,917)		(123,957,917)
Total Assets	247,665,027	6,737,662	254,402,689
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	26,694,643	-	26,694,643
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	261,833	-	261,833
State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related	578,748		578,748
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,535,224	-	27,535,224
LIABILITIES		44.050	
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	6,937,005	11,856	6,948,861
Accrued Payables	2,580,272	-	2,580,272
Accrued Interest Payable	130,688	-	130,688
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings	930,423	=	930,423
Due to Other Governments	1,607,351	-	1,607,351
Unearned Revenues	6,371,603	-	6,371,603
Special Deposits	=	4,589	4,589
Long-Term Liabilities:	7 400 470		7 400 470
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Liability	7,162,172	-	7,162,172
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	322,853	-	322,853
State Life Insurance Net Postemployment Benefits Liability	1,355,860	=	1,355,860
Amounts Due Within One Year	4,096,112	-	4,096,112
Amounts Due in More Than One Year	7,712,605		7,712,605
Total Liabilities	39,206,944	16,445	39,223,389
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	24 440 720		24 440 720
Subsequent Year's Property Taxes	21,110,729	-	21,110,729
Leases	195,941	-	195,941
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	14,992,153	-	14,992,153
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	337,539	-	337,539
State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	961,235 37,597,597		961,235 37,597,597
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	130,692,376	22,653	130,715,029
Restricted for:	100,002,010	22,000	100,110,029
Debt Service	627 722		637,732
	637,732 11,168,750	-	11,168,750
Housing/Business Loan Programs Other	557,581	-	557,581
Unrestricted	55,339,271	6,698,564	62,037,835
Total Net Position	\$ 198,395,710		
Total Net Fusition	φ 190,390,110	\$ 6,721,217	\$ 205,116,927

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue			
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Changes in Net Pos	ition	
Eunotiona/Dragrama	Evnonoso	For Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Iotai	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 10,729,519	\$ 1,435,786	\$ 797,529	\$ -	\$ (8,496,204)	\$ -	\$ (8,496,204)	
Public Safety	10,933,622	1,104,094	267,012	-	(9,562,516)	-	(9,562,516)	
Public Works	13,209,612	314,718	2,203,929	4,307,763	(6,383,202)	-	(6,383,202)	
Health and Human Services	40,583,016	1,689,869	35,962,505	-	(2,930,642)	-	(2,930,642)	
Culture, Recreation, and Education	1,117,601	239,380	464,119	-	(414,102)	-	(414,102)	
Conservation and Development	5,473,136	1,859,647	1,540,570	-	(2,072,919)	-	(2,072,919)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	241,977	-	-	-	(241,977)	-	(241,977)	
Total Governmental Activities	82,288,483	6,643,494	41,235,664	4,307,763	(30,101,562)	-	(30,101,562)	
Business-Type Activities								
Farm Land Development	136,059	122,211				(13,848)	(13,848)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 82,424,542	\$ 6,765,705	\$ 41,235,664	\$ 4,307,763	(30,101,562)	(13,848)	(30,115,410)	
	GENERAL REVE	NUFS						
	Taxes:	1020						
	Property Taxe	s, Levied for Genera	al Purposes		20,941,066	_	20,941,066	
	County Sales		'		8,570,478	_	8,570,478	
	Other Taxes				500,497	_	500,497	
	State and Federa	al Aids not Restricted	I to Specific Function	1	7,670,744	_	7,670,744	
	Interest and Inve		•		3,034,524	_	3,034,524	
	Miscellaneous	3			672,854	_	672,854	
	Total Genera	al Revenues and Tra	nsfers		41,390,163		41,390,163	
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			11,288,601	(13,848)	11,274,753	
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			187,107,109	6,735,065	193,842,174	
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 198,395,710	\$ 6,721,217	\$ 205,116,927	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General Fund	Human Services Fund	CDBG Grant Fund	County Sales Tax Fund	WRRWC Fund	Debt Service Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS									
Treasurer's Cash and Investments Departmental Cash and Investments	\$ 23,061,100 129,835	\$ 569,827	\$ -	\$ 14,586,393 -	\$ (4,398) -	\$ 768,420	\$ 5,756,281 -	\$ 1,534,821 692	\$ 46,272,444 130,527
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agent Taxes Receivable	- 18,549,204	2,391,513	358,167	-	598.632	-	-	- 680,504	358,167 22,219,853
Accounts Receivable	183,025	8,436	-	1,491,716	736,809	-	-	53,100	2,473,086
Lease Receivable	206,346	0,430	_	1,431,710	730,009	_	_	33,100	206,346
Due from Other Governmental Units	929,522	785,713	_	_	6,346,102	_	_	641,982	8,703,319
Due from Other Funds	460,210	700,710	_	_	0,040,102	_	_	041,502	460,210
Prepaid Items	385,021	300	_	_	_	_	_	219	385,540
Long-Term Receivables	-	-	10,863,764	_	-	_	-	1,697	10,865,461
251.9 15111 1 15551 12555			10,000,101					.,	10,000,101
Total Assets	\$ 43,904,263	\$ 3,755,789	\$ 11,221,931	\$ 16,078,109	\$ 7,677,145	\$ 768,420	\$ 5,756,281	\$ 2,913,015	\$ 92,074,953
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 1,018,588	\$ 375,242	\$ 3,181	\$ -	\$ 5,062,059	\$ -	\$ 35,829	\$ 144,004	\$ 6,638,903
Payroll Deductions	930,423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	930,423
Due to Other Governmental Units	-	-	20,000	-	1,586,244	-	-	1,107	1,607,351
Due to Other Funds	-	-	30,000	-	430,210	-	-	-	460,210
Unearned Revenues	137,420	5,798					5,242,837	101,779	5,487,834
Total Liabilities	2,086,431	381,040	53,181	-	7,078,513	-	5,278,666	246,890	15,124,721
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Subsequent Year's Property Taxes	17,440,080	2,391,513	-	-	598,632	-	-	680,504	21,110,729
Leases	195,941	-		-	-	-	-	-	195,941
Unavailable Revenue - Long-Term Receivables			10,863,764				-	1,697	10,865,461
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,636,021	2,391,513	10,863,764	-	598,632	-	-	682,201	32,172,131
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	1,494,145	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,494,445
Restricted	-	-	304,986	-	-	768,420	-	557,581	1,630,987
Committed	-	982,936	-	16,078,109	-	-	477,615	1,426,343	18,965,003
Assigned	8,398,983	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,398,983
Unassigned	14,288,683								14,288,683
Total Fund Balances	24,181,811	983,236	304,986	16,078,109		768,420	477,615	1,983,924	44,778,101
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 43,904,263	\$ 3,755,789	\$ 11,221,931	\$ 16,078,109	\$ 7,677,145	\$ 768,420	\$ 5,756,281	\$ 2,913,015	\$ 92,074,953

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 44,778,101
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 4,148,926	
Land Improvements	11,736,089	
Buildings	29,266,224	
Machinery/Equipment	8,926,708	
Vehicles	234,108	
Right-to-Use Lease - Machinery	155,145	
Subscription Asset	500,143	
Infrastructure	161,638,025 11,972,849	
Construction Work in Progress Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(100,453,820)	128,124,397
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(100,455,620)	120, 124,397
Some receivables are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund		
financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the		
government-wide statements.		10,865,461
goronman muo otatomonto.		. 0,000, . 0 .
Net Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan asset (liability) and related deferred outflows and inflows are not reported in the funds. These amounts are:		
	/·	
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	(5,901,957)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,997,605	0.744.400
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(12,354,218)	3,741,430
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Notes Payable	(8,450,000)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(130,688)	
Lease Liability	(57,830)	
Subscription Liability	(308,913)	
Vacation, Compensatory and Sick Leave Liability	(2,147,481)	
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(254,898)	
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	206,722	
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows of Resources	(266,493)	
State Life Insurance Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(1,117,217)	
State Life Insurance OPEB Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	476,883	
State Life Insurance OPEB Related Deferred Inflows of Resources	(792,049)	(12,841,964)
Debt discounts and promiting are amortized in the statement of not position		
Debt discounts and premiums are amortized in the statement of net position		
over the lives of the related debt. In the governmental funds these costs are considered expenditures/other financing uses when incurred.		
considered experialitates/other illianding uses when incurred.		
Unamortized Debt Premiums		(189,370)
The highway department internal service fund is used by County's management		
to account for services provided the County and other governmental units.		
The assets and liabilities of the highway department internal service fund are		
reported in governmental activities.		19,160,818
-		
Other internal service funds are used by County management to charge the		
costs of various self-funded insurance programs to departments/expenditure		
functions. The assets and liabilities of the self-funded insurance programs		
are also reported in governmental activities.		 4,756,837
		 _
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 198,395,710

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General Fund	Human Services Fund	CDBG Grant Fund	County Sales Tax Fund	WRRWC Fund	Debt Service Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 18,690,045	\$ 2,240,886	\$ -	\$ 8,570,478	\$ 340,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,031	\$ 30,012,041
Intergovernmental	12,070,601	5,639,094	982,501	-	26,727,557	-	4,853,850	2,887,558	53,161,161
Licenses and Permits	697,780	-	-	-	-	-	-	351,302	1,049,082
Fines and Forfeits	172,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,404	221,607
Public Charges for Services	3,659,471	231,619	-	-	675,013	-	-	455,761	5,021,864
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	234,404	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234,404
Miscellaneous:									
Investment Income	1,361,114	-	11,807	392,257	-	-	451,341	135,844	2,352,363
Increase (Decrease) in									
Fair Value of Investments	508,056	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	508,056
Rent	6,819	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,819
Lease Revenue	26,612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,612
Sale of Property	1,932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,932
Other	598,352	17,420	574,003					195,133	1,384,908
Total Revenues	38,027,389	8,129,019	1,568,311	8,962,735	27,743,171	-	5,305,191	4,245,033	93,980,849
EXPENDITURES									
General Government	10,747,441	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,221	10,865,662
Public Safety	10,970,280	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,723	11,024,003
Public Works	11,113,185	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,113,185
Health and Human Services	1,622,312	7,213,653	-	-	27,359,893	-	-	3,914,594	40,110,452
Culture, Recreation, and Education	1,747,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,747,965
Conservation and Development	3,027,054	-	1,469,883	-	-	-	1,442,548	-	5,939,485
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement	182,239	39,177	-	-	537	1,590,000	-	-	1,811,953
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,290	2,004			20	321,600			332,914
Total Expenditures	39,419,766	7,254,834	1,469,883		27,360,450	1,911,600	1,442,548	4,086,538	82,945,619
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,392,377)	874,185	98,428	8,962,735	382,721	(1,911,600)	3,862,643	158,495	11,035,230
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Lease/SBITA Proceeds	94,233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,233
Transfers In	4,970,684	1,132,721	-	-	-	1,849,630	-	115,680	8,068,715
Transfers Out	(1,790,070)	(1,128,533)		(6,895,284)	(382,721)		(3,411,301)	(3,445,862)	(17,053,771)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,274,847	4,188		(6,895,284)	(382,721)	1,849,630	(3,411,301)	(3,330,182)	(8,890,823)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,882,470	878,373	98,428	2,067,451	-	(61,970)	451,342	(3,171,687)	2,144,407
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	22,299,341	104,863	206,558	14,010,658		830,390	26,273	5,155,611	42,633,694
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 24,181,811	\$ 983,236	\$ 304,986	\$ 16,078,109	\$ -	\$ 768,420	\$ 477,615	\$ 1,983,924	\$ 44,778,101

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,144,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlays Reported in Governmental Fund Statements \$ Depreciation/Amortization Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities	13,507,866 (5,374,233)	8,133,633
In the statement of activities, the gain and loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net cost of the capital assets sold, traded in, or discarded:		(1,793,086)
traded in, or discarded.		(1,795,000)
Receivables not currently available are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		126,480
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expenditures on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.		(1,592,088)
Long-term debt incurred in governmental funds is reported as an other financing source, but is reported as an increase in outstanding long-term debt in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities. Long-term debt incurred in the current year is:		
Subscription Liability Issued Lease Liability Issued	(86,698) (7,535)	(94,233)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
General Obligation Debt Principal Retirement	1,590,000	
Subscription Liability Principal Retirement Lease Liability Principal Retirement	172,817 53,417	1,816,234
The internal service funds are used by the County's management to charge the cost of the self-funded insurance program to functions and to account for highway department operations. The change in net position of the internal service funds are reported in governmental activities.		
Highway Department Fund Insurance Funds	1,648,701 975,414	2,624,115
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Amortization of Debt Premium	83,281	
Net Change in Accrued Interest Payable Net Change in Compensated Absences Liability	3,375	
Net Change in Compensated Absences Liability Net Change in Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(61,169)	
and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,575	
Net Change State Life Insurance Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	(112,923)	(76,861)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,288,601
· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,200,001

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	Business-Type Activities - Farm Land Development Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CURRENT ASSETS	* 4000 505	.
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$ 4,092,597	\$ 10,081,162
Departmental Cash and Investments	-	100
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agent	-	203,438
Accounts Receivable	-	853,870
Due from Other Governmental Units	-	730,554
Other Assets - Materials and Supplies	-	3,564,714
Prepaid Items		13,893
Total Current Assets	4,092,597	15,447,731
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Notes Receivable	1,390,650	-
Property Held for Resale:		
Land	437,391	-
Land Improvements	794,371	-
Capital Assets:		
Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	22,653	404,430
Depreciable/Amortized Assets	-	34,585,204
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	-	(23,504,097)
Capital Contribution	-	242,292
Deposit with Public Entity Risk Pool	-	750,327
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,645,065	12,478,156
Total Assets	6,737,662	27,925,887
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	-	4,697,038
County Other Postemployment Benefits Related	-	55,111
State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related	-	101,865
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	4,854,014

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

LIABILITIES	Ac Fa Dev	ness-Type ctivities - rm Land relopment prise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Special Deposits Present Value of Unpaid Losses Unearned Revenue - Cost Pools Unearned Revenue - Advance for Highway Construction Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities: Subscription Liability Estimated Employee Leave Liability Total Current Liabilities	\$	11,856 4,589 - - - - 16,445	\$	298,102 - 2,580,272 24,280 859,489 37,598 410,061 4,209,802	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (NET OF CURRENT PORTION): Subscription Liability Total Other Postemployment Benefits Payable State Life Insurance Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Liability Estimated Employee Leave Liability Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities		- - - - - 16,445		27,891 67,955 238,643 1,260,215 179,573 1,774,277 5,984,079	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related County Other Postemployment Benefits Related State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	- - - -		2,637,935 71,046 169,186 2,878,167	
NET POSITION Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position		22,653 6,698,564 6,721,217		11,420,048 12,497,607 23,917,655	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	A Fa De	iness-Type ctivities - arm Land velopment erprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	122,211	\$ 26,423,227
OPERATING EXPENSES		136,059	32,930,411
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(13,848)	(6,507,184)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Revenue Dividend Revenue Interest Expense Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Property Nonoperating Depreciation Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		- - - - - -	145,847 28,258 (2,218) (5,200) (20,444) 146,243
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(13,848)	(6,360,941)
TRANSFERS Transfers In Transfers Out Total Transfers		- - -	9,332,434 (347,378) 8,985,056
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(13,848)	2,624,115
Net Position - Beginning of Year		6,735,065	21,293,540
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,721,217	\$ 23,917,655

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Busines Activi Farm Develo Enterpris	ties - Land pment	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Received for Goods and Services:	φ		Ф 20 40E 60E
County/Departments Third Parties	\$	-	\$ 20,495,695
Cash Received from Employees		-	5,856,563 286,275
Cash Received from the Sale of Property	4	63,554	200,273
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		26,946)	(12,170,404)
Cash Paid for Employee Services	(.	-	(9,532,303)
Cash Paid for Insurance Claims		_	(8,266,311)
Cash Paid for Insurance Premiums		_	(1,532,411)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	3	36,608	(4,862,896)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		-	1,850,000
Transfer from General Fund		-	577,012
Transfer from American Rescue Plan Act Fund		-	3,411,301
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund			3,146,743
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing			
Activities		-	8,985,056
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets		-	(1,656,805)
Cash Payments for Interest on Lease/SBITA Payable		-	(2,218)
Cash Payments for Principal on Lease/SBITA Liability Net Cash Used by Capital and Related			(41,299)
Financing Activities		-	(1,700,322)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on Investments		-	163,238
Purchase of Investments			(242,292)
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Investing Activities			(79,054)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3	36,608	2,342,784
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	3,7	55,989	7,941,916
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,0	92,597	\$ 10,284,700

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	F De	siness-Type Activities - arm Land evelopment erprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET					
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ	(40.040)	Φ	(0.507.404)	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(13,848)	\$	(6,507,184)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		F4 400			
Cost Basis of Property Sold		54,409		- 450 444	
Depreciation		-		1,450,414	
Net Change in Wisconsin Pension System Related Items:				0.400.000	
Asset/Liability		-		3,199,280	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		(921,902)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		(1,927,313)	
Net Change in County OPEB Related Items:				(40.000)	
Asset/Liability		-		(10,989)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		9,900	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		(4,151)	
Net Change in LRLIF OPEB Related Items:				(
Asset/Liability		-		(142,302)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		32,299	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		125,928	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable		286,934		(706,696)	
Due from Other Governmental Units		-		418,543	
Other Assets - Materials and Supplies		-		125,020	
Prepayments		-		2,601	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		9,113		(344,353)	
Accrued Liabilities		-		544,837	
Due to Other Funds		-		(127,836)	
Deferred Inflows		-		(82,414)	
Accrued Benefits				3,422	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	336,608	\$	(4,862,896)	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position:					
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$	4,092,597	\$	10,081,162	
Departmental Cash and Investments		-		100	
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agents		-		203,438	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	4,092,597	\$	10,284,700	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS	Φ.	700.040
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$	796,019
Departmental Cash and Investments		5,480,532
Accounts Receivable		157,495
Total Assets		6,434,046
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Total Liabilities	_	5,043,875 481,156 5,525,031
NET POSITION Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$	909,015

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Individuals	\$	848,808
Fines and Forfeitures		983,597
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		54,018,222
Licenses and Fees Collected for State		1,945,581
Miscellaneous		3,115,450
Total Additions		60,911,658
DEDUCTIONS		
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		54,018,222
Distributions to Participants		868,285
Payments to State		2,927,194
Payments to Local Governments		201,010
Payments to Others		2,912,833
Total Deductions		60,927,544
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(15,886)
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		924,901
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	909,015

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Chippewa County (the County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the County are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Chippewa County is governed by a board of supervisors consisting of fifteen elected members.

The financial reporting of the County is defined by the GASB to consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The basic financial statements of the County consist solely of the primary government. No other organizations were identified for inclusion in the financial reporting entity of the County.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's major funds) as described below:

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Human Services Fund – The Human Services Fund, a special revenue fund, is used to account for various County human services programs funded by restricted and committed funding sources. Through the human services programs, the County provides mental health, developmental disabilities and alcoholism and drug abuse rehabilitation services to residents of the County and administers the various social services and income maintenance programs provided by and through the County.

CDBG Grant Fund – The CDBG Grant Fund, a special revenue fund, is used by the County to account for its federal housing rehabilitation grants received for the purpose of financing housing rehabilitation loans. Repayments received on these loans are a restricted revenue source which is used to finance similar housing rehabilitation loans.

County Sales Tax Fund – The County Sales Tax Fund, a special revenue fund, is used by the County to account for its sales tax collections which the County Board has committed by ordinance to be used for specific purposes.

WRRWC Fund – The WRRWC Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities of a nine county Western Region Recovery and Wellness Consortium (WRRWC) providing comprehensive community services to the region. Chippewa County is the lead agency of the consortium which is funded by restricted and committed funding sources.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities specified by the County in accordance with the American Rescue Plan Act.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of governmental funds. For report purposes, the County's individual debt service funds are combined into one fund.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Farm Land Development Fund – The County uses the Farm Land Development Fund to account for transactions relating to the development of its farm property. During 1995 the County discontinued operations of its county farm and subsequently disposed of all of the nonland farm capital assets. Proceeds from the disposition of the assets and the remaining fund equity of the farm enterprise fund were used to establish the farm land development fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – The internal service funds (proprietary funds) are used to account for the operations of the County's highway department and transactions of its various self-funded insurance programs.

Custodial Funds – The custodial funds (fiduciary funds) are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are deemed to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County generally considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after the end of the current fiscal period. State and federal aids under cost reimbursement programs are generally recognized when earned if expected to be collected in the subsequent year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, cost reimbursement grant programs, public charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses of proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

Investment of County funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- c. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- d. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- e. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- f. Bonds or securities issued under the authority of the municipality.
- g. The local government investment pool.
- h. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Investment of most trust funds is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Those sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

Investments of the County are stated at fair value and amortized cost.

2. Receivables and Payables

Property Taxes. Property taxes are levied prior to the end of the calendar year and are due and collectible in the following year. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien as of January 1. In addition to property taxes for the County, taxes are also collected for and remitted to the State. Taxes billed for the State are recorded as receivables and due other governmental units in the custodial fund balance sheet. Since County property taxes are not considered revenue until January 1 of the year following the levy, they are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the funds budgeted therefore.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)
 - 2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Property Taxes (Continued). The County is also responsible for the collection of all delinquent and postponed property taxes levied by the local taxing districts within its boundaries, except delinquent personal property taxes which are retained by the local municipal district. Real property taxes are payable in full to the local districts on or before January 31 or, alternatively, if over \$100, can be paid in two equal installments with the first installment payable on or before January 31 and the second installment payable on or before July 31. Personal property taxes and special assessments, special charges (including delinquent utility billings) and special taxes placed on the tax roll are payable in full on or before January 31. All uncollected items on the current tax roll, except delinquent personal property taxes, are turned over to the County Treasurer for collection in February. The County subsequently settles in full with the local districts in August of the same year, except for delinquent special assessments and other special charges. All uncollected taxes returned to the County for collection are financed through the general fund, except for delinquent special assessments of the districts. A portion of the general fund's equity balance is classified as nonspendable for the County's investment in delinquent taxes.

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since County administration believes such allowance would not be material.

Loans Receivable. The County has received federal and state grant funds for economic development loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The County records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amounts recorded as economic development loans receivable have not been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. It is the County's policy to record, in the fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is generally recognized as revenue when accrued. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Lease Receivable – The County is a lessor for noncancellable lease of tower space. The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Interfund Balances. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Inventories, Prepaid Items and Land Held for Resale

All inventories are valued at production cost using the first in first out (FIFO) costing method. Inventories of governmental funds, if material, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or fair value.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations may be required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs as shown below and an estimated useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets, including infrastructure, acquired by the County prior to January 1, 1980, were recorded on the County's financial records at historical costs, or estimated historical costs, on that date.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar valued above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Depreciation/									
	Capi	talization	Estimated								
	Threshold		Method	Useful Life							
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A							
Land Improvements		5,000	Straight-Line	15-40 Years							
Buildings and Improvements		5,000	Straight-Line	10-40 Years							
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	Straight-Line	4-20 Years							
Right-to-Use Asset - Equipment		5,000	Straight-Line	4-20 Years							
Infrastructure		5,000	Straight-Line	25-50 Years							

Fund Financial Statements. In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The County reports decreases in net position or fund equity that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position or governmental fund balance sheet. The County reports deferred outflows of resources for pension and other postemployment benefits related items.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

7. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The County's governmental activities, governmental fund, and proprietary fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position or fund equity that applies to a future period. The County will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The County has two types of items which occur related to revenue recognition. The first occurs because property tax receivables are recorded in the current year, but the revenue will be recorded in the subsequent year. The second type of deferred inflow of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the County's year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources for pension, other postemployment benefits, and lease related items.

8. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate paid leave benefits. Liabilities for accumulated employee leave benefits are not accrued in the County's governmental fund financial statements but are recorded as expenditures when paid. Such liabilities are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. The County's policies and estimated liabilities at year-end are further discussed in Note 3.A.

9. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Single Employer Plan

Under the various employee and union contracts the County allows retired employees to enroll in the County's health insurance plan. The retired employees pay 100% of the premiums. The liability was actuarially determined.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

11. Other Postemployment Benefits - Multiple Employer Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and the deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Equity Classifications

Fund equity, representing the difference between assets and deferred outflows, less liabilities and deferred inflows, is classified as follows in the County's financial statements:

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. Fund equity is classified as net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and is displayed in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is displayed as unrestricted. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and unrestricted resources next to the extent they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

13. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties. Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the Board. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is the County's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the County will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance level between 25% and 33% of general fund expenditures.

Committed fund balance is required to be established, modified, or rescinded by resolution of the County Board prior to each year-end. Based on resolution of the County Board, the County Administrator has the authority to establish or modify assigned fund balance. When restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the County's practice to first use restricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the County's practice to use committed, assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

14. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); established that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires not disclosures regarding a SBITA.

The County adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2023, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and investments balances at December 31, 2023 as shown in the financial statements are as follows:

Governmental Funds	\$ 46,761,138
Proprietary Funds	15,369,916
Fiduciary Funds	6,276,551
Total	\$ 68,407,605

The above cash and investments balances consisted of the following:

Treasurer's Cash and Investments:		
Deposits at Financial Institutions	\$ 6,247,120	
Deposits in State Local Government		
Pooled-Investment Fund	40,498,896	
Investments in Federal Agency Securities	14,496,206	\$ 61,242,222
Departmental Cash and Investments:		
Deposits at Financial Institutions	5,608,694	
Petty Cash Funds	2,465	5,611,159
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agents:		
Funds Held by WMMIC	750,327	
Funds Held by Health Insurance Administrator	445,730	
Funds Held by Chippewa County Housing Authority	358,167	1,554,224
Total Cash and Investments at December 31, 2023		\$ 68,407,605

Deposits at Financial Institutions

The County's balances at individual financial institutions were subject to coverage under federal depository insurance and amounts appropriated by Sections 20.144(1)(a) and 34.08 of the Wisconsin Statutes (State Guarantee Fund). Federal depository insurance provides for coverage of up to \$250,000 for time and savings deposits and up to \$250,000 for demand deposits at any institution. In addition, funds held in trust for individuals are subject to coverage in the name of the beneficiary in whose name the trust fund is held. Coverage under the State Guarantee Fund may not exceed \$400,000 above the amount of coverage under federal depository insurance at any institution and is limited by the availability of the appropriations authorized therein. (Due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.) Also, Section 34.07 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the County to collateralize its deposits that exceed the amount of coverage provided by federal depository insurance and the State Guarantee Fund.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. At December 31, 2023, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The County's investments at December 31, 2023 consisted of deposits in the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (an external investment pool), certificates of deposit, and U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities obligations.

Deposits in State Local Government Pooled-Investment Fund. The state of Wisconsin offers a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) to local government units to enable them to voluntarily invest idle funds in State Investment Fund. Local funds are pooled with state funds and invested by the State Investment Board. There is no minimum or maximum amount that can be invested by a local governmental unit. Interest is earned on a daily basis and withdrawals are generally available on the day of request. Deposits in the LGIP are not covered by federal depository insurance but are subject to coverage under the State Guarantee Fund. Also, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board has obtained a surety bond to protect deposits in the LGIP against defaults in principal payments on the LGIP's investments (subject to certain limitations). The average monthly weighted average maturity of the State Investment Fund's investments for 2023 was 17 days.

Certificates of Deposit and U.S. Government Agencies and Instrumentalities Obligations. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with maturity dates further into the future are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. The short weighted average maturities of the investments in the LGIP and the relatively short-term maturities on the other investments mitigate this risk to the County. The County's investments in these obligations at December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Description		Totals <		< 1		1 to 2		2 to 3		> 3
Gov't Agency Debt Instruments:										
Schwab Gov't Money Market Fund	\$	40,888	\$	40,888	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of Deposits		257,087		257,087		-		-		-
FFCB		2,723,151		-		-		2,723,151		-
FHLB		8,127,542		1,920,662		4,252,429		1,954,451		-
FNMA		116,366		-		-		-		116,366
FHLMC		3,203,197		-		2,769,452		310,819		122,926
GNMA		27,975								27,975
Total	\$ 1	4,496,206	\$	2,218,637	\$	7,021,881	\$	4,988,421	\$	267,267

Generally, the above obligations are subject to call prior to the stated maturity date. It is the County's general policy to hold the obligations until maturity or call. Obligations of GNMA are directly guaranteed by the federal government. The other listed obligations are guaranteed by the issuing agency/instrumentality.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The County's policy is to invest its funds in accordance with provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes previously discussed in Note 1.D.1.

As of December 31, 2023, the County's investments were rated as follows:

	Credit	
<u>Type</u>	Quality Rating	 Amount
FFCB	AA+	\$ 2,723,151
FHLB	AA+	8,127,542
FNMA	AA+	116,366
FHLMC	AA+	3,203,197
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	257,087
Schwab Gov't Money Market Fund	Not Rated	40,888
GNMA	Not Rated	27,975
LGIP	Not Rated	40,498,896

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. At December 31, 2023, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows (investment holdings individually greater than 5% of the total investment portfolio):

<u>Type</u>	Amo	unt Percentage
FHLB	\$ 8,12	27,542 14.8%
FHLMC	3,20	03,197 5.8%
FFCB	2,72	23,151 5.0%
	\$ 14,05	53,890

The County uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

The County follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the County has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

Assets of the County measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 1		Level 2 Level 3		Level 3	Total
FFCB	\$	-	\$ 2,723,151	\$	-	\$ 2,723,151
FNMA		-	116,366		-	116,366
FHLB		-	8,127,542		-	8,127,542
FHLMC		-	3,203,197		-	3,203,197
GNMA		-	27,975		-	27,975
Schwab Gov't Money Market Fund		-	40,888		-	40,888
Certificates of Deposit		257,087			-	257,087
Total	\$	257,087	\$ 14,239,119	\$		14,496,206
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost - LGIP Funds						 40,498,896
Total Investments						\$ 54,995,102

B. Receivables

Economic Development Loans. During 1994 the County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution establishing an economic development revolving loan fund. The County set aside \$500,000 for the purpose of financing loans for economic development. At December 31, 2023 the County had outstanding installment loans totaling \$1,697. These loans are subject to repayment to the County under terms established by the various loan agreements. Receivables have been recorded in a special revenue fund in the amount of the outstanding balances on these loans and were offset by deferred inflows of resources recorded in that fund. Revenue is recognized as collections are received on these loans.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Receivables (Continued)

Housing Rehabilitation Loans. The County has been awarded federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program grants through the Wisconsin Department of Administration for the purpose of financing housing rehabilitation loans. Repayments received on the original loans are to be recorded in a separate housing revolving loan fund and are to be used to finance similar loans eligible under the program. At December 31, 2023 the County had six hundred fifty-eight (658) loans outstanding totaling \$10,863,764 under two revolving loan programs. Two hundred sixteen (216) loans totaling \$2,909,097 were outstanding under a loan program for Chippewa County residents which was funded by grants received in previous years. The County also had four hundred forty-two (442) loans outstanding totaling \$7,954,667 under a regional loan program funded by Community Development Block Grants which were awarded to Chippewa County in 2013, 2018, and 2021. The regional loan program is for the purpose of providing housing rehabilitation loans to eligible residents in a ten county area including Barron, Buffalo, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Eau Claire, Pepin, Pierce, Polk and St. Croix counties. Chippewa County is the administrator of the grant and all loan repayments are received by Chippewa County to be used to finance similar housing rehabilitation loans in the ten county area.

Lease Receivable – The County, acting as lessor, leases the land for a cell tower under long-term noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire on May 11, 2031, and will not renew. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized \$21,747 and \$6,819 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to the contract.

Total future lease payments to be received under the lease agreement are follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		nterest	Total		
2024	\$	22,444	\$	\$ 6,122		28,566	
2025		23,163		5,403		28,566	
2026		26,667		4,628		31,295	
2027		29,120		3,731		32,851	
2028		30,054		2,797		32,851	
2029-2031		74,898		2,726		77,624	
	\$	206,346	\$	25,407	\$	231,753	

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning							Ending		
		Balance		Additions		Transfers	Deletions			Balance
General County Assets:										
Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated/Amortized:										
Land	\$	4,148,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,148,926
Highway Right-of-Ways		882,286		-		-		-		882,286
Construction Work in Progress		11,423,468		12,714,941		(12,165,560)				11,972,849
Total Capital Assets Not										
Being Depreciated/Amortized		16,454,680		12,714,941		(12,165,560)		-		17,004,061
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:										
Land Improvements		11,091,195		223,055		795,337		373,498		11,736,089
Buildings and Improvements		29,267,193		-		-		969		29,266,224
Machinery and Equipment		9,055,279		443,652		10,787		583,010		8,926,708
Vehicles		222,886		13,572		-		2,350		234,108
Right-to-Use Lease - Equipment		156,338		7,535		-		8,728		155,145
*Subscription Asset		395,032		105,111		-		-		500,143
Highway Infrastructure:										
Roadways		128,148,760		-		10,479,992		4,725,897		133,902,855
Bridges		25,215,571		-		879,444		24,900		26,070,115
Structures		782,769		-				-		782,769
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated/Amortized		204,335,023		792,925	_	12,165,560		5,719,352		211,574,156
Total Capital Assets	:	220,789,703		13,507,866		-		5,719,352		228,578,217
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:										
Land Improvements		5,077,440		801,257		-		534,808		5,343,889
Buildings and Improvements		17,026,878		562,078		-		969		17,587,987
Machinery and Equipment		7,565,089		506,161		-		583,011		7,488,239
Vehicles		162,356		14,868		-		2,350		174,874
Right-to-Use Lease - Equipment		50,790		51,470		-		8,728		93,532
Highway Infrastructure		69,123,300		3,279,930		-		2,796,400		69,606,830
Subscription Asset		-		158,469		-		-		158,469
Total Accumulated Depreciation/										
Amortization		99,005,853		5,374,233		-		3,926,266		100,453,820
Net Capital Assets -										
General County	\$	121,783,850	\$	8,133,633	\$	-	\$	1,793,086	\$	128,124,397

^{*} This includes restated amounts due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

COVERNIC HOLIVILIES (COIL		<u> 100/</u>								
		Beginning								Ending
		Balance		Additions	_	Transfers	_	Deletions		Balance
Highway Department:										
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortize										
Land	\$	92,696	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	92,696
Construction Work in Progress		7,584		310,884		(6,734)		-		311,734
Total Capital Assets Not										
Being Depreciated		100,280		310,884		(6,734)		-		404,430
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Land Improvements		453,303		-		-		-		453,303
Gravel Pits and Quarries**		55,715		-		-		4,843		50,872
Buildings and Improvements		8,397,487		197,445		-		-		8,594,932
Vehicles Nonhighway Fleet		2,086,095		365,648		-		131,819		2,319,924
Machinery and Equipment		22,555,472		821,260		6,734		324,081		23,059,385
*Subscription Asset		86,140								86,140
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated/Amortized		33,634,212		1,384,353		6,734		460,743		34,564,556
Total Capital Assets		33,734,492		1,695,237		-		460,743		34,968,986
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:										
Land Improvements		346,702		12,083		-		_		358,785
Buildings and Improvements		6,642,872		297,840		_				6,940,712
Vehicles Nonhighway Fleet		1,230,664		929,195		_		304,565		1,855,294
Machinery and Equipment		14,230,112		194,750		_		112,546		14,312,316
Subscription Asset		14,230,112		28,713		-		112,540		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/				20,7 13					_	28,713
Amortization		22,450,350		1,462,581				417,111		23,495,820
7411014224011		22,430,330		1,402,361	_		_	417,111	_	23,493,620
Net Capital Assets -										
Highway Department	\$	11,284,142	\$	232,656	\$	-	\$	43,632	\$	11,473,166
* This includes restated amounts due to the imple	menta	ation of GASB	State	ment No. 96.						
		Beginning								Ending
		Balance		Additions		Transfers		Deletions		Balance
Self-Funded Workers Compensation										
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
*Subscription Asset	\$	20,648	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,648
Casconpuon 7 locat	Ψ	20,010	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	20,010
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:										
'				0.077						0.077
Subscription Asset				8,277					_	8,277
Net Capital Assets -										
Self-Funded Workers Compensation	\$	20,648	\$	(8,277)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,371
* This includes restated amounts due to the imple	menta	ation of GASB S	State	ment No. 96.					_	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/										
Amortized	\$	16,554,960	\$	13,025,825	\$	(12,172,294)	\$	-	\$	17,408,491
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized		237,989,883		2,177,278		12,172,294		6,180,095		246,159,360
Total Capital Assets		254,544,843		15,203,103	_	_,,	_	6,180,095	_	263,567,851
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		121,456,203		6,845,091		_		4,343,377		123,957,917
•		,,		-, 5,00 /	_		_	, ,	_	,,
Net Capital Assets -										
Governmental Activities	\$	133,088,640	\$	8,358,012	\$		\$	1,836,718	\$	139,609,934
					_		_			

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation/Amortization was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General County:	
General Government	\$ 1,052,148
Public Safety	669,165
Public Works	3,348,930
Health and Human Services	14,173
Culture, Recreation, and Education	90,488
Conservation and Development	 199,329
Total	 5,374,233
Highway Department:	
Transportation	1,462,581
Self-Funded Workers Compensation	8,277
Total	\$ 6,845,091

Business-Type Activities

	eginning alance	Incre	ases	Decre	eases	Ending Balance
Farm Land Development Fund: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 22,653	\$	-	\$		\$ 22,653

^{**} Highway department gravel pits and quarries are subject to depletion.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	CDBG Grant Fund	\$ 30,000
General Fund	WRRWC Fund	 430,210
Total		\$ 460,210

The above interfund balances were for temporary financing of operating expenditures and are expected to be repaid in 2024. Interfund balances owed within the governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Interfund Transfers

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount
General Fund	County Sales Tax Fund	\$	3,195,654
General Fund	Human Services Fund	φ	, ,
			1,128,533
General Fund	Land Management Fund		280,284
General Fund	ADRC Fund		18,835
General Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund		218,378
General Fund	Health Insurance Fund		92,500
General Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		36,500
Debt Service Fund	County Sales Tax Fund		1,849,630
Highway Department Fund	General Fund		353,390
Highway Department Fund	County Sales Tax Fund		1,850,000
Highway Department Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund		3,411,301
Highway Department Fund	2022 Capital Projects Fund		3,146,743
Public Health Fund	General Fund		115,680
Flexible Benefits Fund	General Fund		6,000
Human Services Fund	General Fund		750,000
Human Services Fund	WRRWC Fund		382,721
Liability Insurance Fund	General Fund		500,000
Self-Funded Health Insurance	General Fund		65,000
Total		\$	17,401,149

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund Transfers (Continued)

The transfers from the County sales tax fund consisted of the amount of county sales tax collections applied to the 2023 budget. The remaining items were budgeted transfers for construction and working capital.

E. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the County for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

							Amounts
		Balances				Balances	Due Within
		1/1/23	 Additions	F	Reductions	12/31/23	One Year
Long-Term Debt:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Obligation Notes	\$	10,040,000	\$ -	\$	1,590,000	\$ 8,450,000	\$ 1,570,000
Unamortized Debt Premium		272,651	 <u> </u>		83,281	189,370	67,595
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	10,312,651	\$ -	\$	1,673,281	\$ 8,639,370	\$ 1,637,595
Other Long-Term Obligations (Governmental A	Activities	s):					
Governmental Funds:							
Employee Leave Liability	\$	2,086,312	\$ 1,806,226	\$	1,745,057	\$ 2,147,481	\$ 1,805,200
* Subscription Liability		395,032	86,698		172,817	308,913	152,018
Lease Liability		103,712	7,535		53,417	57,830	53,640
Highway Internal Service Fund:							
Employee Leave Liability		586,212	396,236		392,814	589,634	410,061
* Subscription Liability		86,140	-		31,225	54,915	27,024
Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund:							
* Subscription Liability		20,648	-		10,074	10,574	10,574
Total Other Long-Term							
Obligations	\$	3,278,056	\$ 2,296,695	\$	2,405,404	\$ 3,169,347	\$ 2,458,517

^{*} This includes restated amounts due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96.

The County's estimated liability for employee leave is discussed in Note 3.A.

The County's bonds and notes payable are liquidated by the debt service fund. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund and highway department internal service fund.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

Annual Requirements for Retirement. Long-term debt issues outstanding at December 31, 2023 and annual requirements for their retirement were as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Year	Principal	Interest	Total
Promissory Notes, \$8,135,000, issued 10/1/18, due 2/1/28, interest at 3.00%-4.00%	2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 790,000 820,000 855,000 890,000 925,000 4,280,000	\$ 155,400 123,200 89,700 54,800 18,500 441,600	\$ 945,400 943,200 944,700 944,800 943,500 4,721,600
Promissory Notes, \$3,000,000, issued 10/1/20, due 2/1/29, interest at 1.00%-3.00%	2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	225,000 230,000 235,000 245,000 250,000 250,000	29,675 22,850 15,875 8,675 3,750 1,250 82,075	254,675 252,850 250,875 253,675 253,750 251,250 1,517,075
Promissory Notes, \$3,000,000, issued 10/4/22, due 2/1/30, interest at 4.00%	2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	555,000 310,000 355,000 310,000 150,000 515,000 540,000 2,735,000	98,300 81,000 67,700 54,400 45,200 31,900 10,800 389,300	653,300 391,000 422,700 364,400 195,200 546,900 550,800 3,124,300
Total General Obligation Debt		\$ 8,450,000	\$ 912,975	\$ 9,362,975

The above annual debt service requirements are summarized as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Pı	Principal		nterest	 Total
2024	\$ 1	,570,000	\$	283,375	\$ 1,853,375
2025	1	,360,000		227,050	1,587,050
2026	1	,445,000		173,275	1,618,275
2027	1	,445,000		117,875	1,562,875
2028	1	,325,000		67,450	1,392,450
2029-2030	1	,305,000		43,950	1,348,950
Total	\$ 8	3,450,000	\$	912,975	\$ 9,362,975

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Debt Limitation. Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes restricts county general obligation debt to 5% of the equalized value of all property in the County. At December 31, 2023, the County's debt limit amounted to \$464,939,310 and indebtedness subject to the limitation totaled \$8,450,000.

Lease Liability – The County entered into multiple lease agreements with Quadient Leasing, EO Johnson and landowners for the use of folder inserter, print services and real estate. The County used the incremental borrowing rate for the leases since the interest rate was not provided in the lease agreements.

The future lease payment requirements under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	Int	erest	 Total
2024	\$	53,640	\$	461	\$ 54,101
2025		3,115		68	3,183
2026		1,072		19	1,091
2027		3		-	 3
Total	\$	57,830	\$	548	\$ 58,378

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements— The County entered into multiple arrangements for the right to use subscription-based information technology. A subscription liability was recorded during the current fiscal year for these arrangements. The County used the incremental borrowing rate for the leases since the interest rate was not provided in the lease agreements.

The future minimum payments under agreements are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	In	iterest	Total
2024	\$	189,580	\$	6,330	\$ 195,910
2025		172,451		825	173,276
2026		9,514		239	9,753
2027		2,349		50	2,399
2028		508		1_	 509
Total	\$	374,402	\$	7,445	\$ 381,847

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Governmental Fund Balances

The governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Total	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
Major Funds:	•	- <u>'</u> '				
General Fund:						
Delinquent Taxes	\$ 1,109,124	\$ 1,109,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid Items	385,021	385,021	-	-	-	-
Environmental Site Assessment	121,554	-	-	-	121,554	-
Environmental Impact Fee	49,763	-	-	-	49,763	-
Economic Development	9,668	-	-	-	9,668	-
Criminal Justice Coordinator	56,389	-	-	-	56,389	-
County Administrator	244,697	-	-	-	244,697	-
Computer Equipment Outlay	581,353	-	-	-	581,353	-
Courthouse	122,550	-	-	-	122,550	-
Facilities Improvement	378,651	-	-	-	378,651	-
Rifle Range	5,160	-	-	-	5,160	-
Facilities Projects	1,090,115	-	-	-	1,090,115	
Radio Towers	156,947	-	-	-	156,947	-
Security Plan	753,767	-	-	-	753,767	-
Property and Liability Insurance	218,027	-	-	-	218,027	-
Employee Health Program	7,207	-	-	-	7,207	-
Copy Machine	24,436	-	-	-	24,436	-
Register of Deeds	82,761	-	-	-	82,761	-
Youth Court Programs	24,537	-	-	-	24,537	-
Snowmobile Patrol	30,888	-	-	-	30,888	-
Water Safety Patrol	74,087	-	-	-	74,087	-
K-9	48,552	-	-	-	48,552	-
All Terrain Vehicle Patrol	18,632	-	-	-	18,632	-
Sheriff's Department Equipment & Tower	692,636	-	-	-	692,636	-

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Governmental Fund Balances (Continued)

	Total	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
Major Funds (Continued): General Fund (Continued):						
Sheriff's Department Training Jail Canteen	\$ 49,289 102,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,289 102,495	\$ -
Extension Education Programs	46,318	_	_	_	46,318	_
Wildlife Damage and Abatement	10,010				40,010	
Programs	214	_	_	_	214	_
State Forestry Programs	8,427	_	_	_	8,427	_
Wildlife Habitat Management	1,237	-	_	-	1,237	-
Special Conservation Projects	265,296	-	_	-	265,296	-
Snowmobile Trails	17,933	-	-	-	17,933	-
All Terrain Vehicle Trails	7,630	-	-	-	7,630	-
Old Abe Trail Project	63,120	-	-	-	63,120	-
Forest & Trails Tax Deed Projects	247,440	-	-	-	247,440	-
County Parks Capital Improvements	178,367	-	-	-	178,367	-
County Parks Tax Deed Projects	58	-	-	-	58	-
Recycling Programs	92,983	-	-	-	92,983	-
Nonmetallic Mining	197,195	-	-	-	197,195	-
Urban Stormwater Program	31,142	-	-	-	31,142	-
Conservation Reserve Enhancement						
Programs	65,029	-	-	-	65,029	-
Lake Protection Program	52,681	-	-	-	52,681	-
Groundwater Sampling	26,087	-	-	-	26,087	-
Land Conservation Stewardship Programs	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-
Building Inspection	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-
Comprehensive Planning Project	165,228	-	-	-	165,228	-
Platbook/Roadmap Publishing	29,892	-	-	-	29,892	-
Tax Deeds Veterans' Relief	137,091 20,000	-	-	-	137,091 20,000	-
Health Clinics		-	-	-	15,000	-
Unfunded Benefit Liabilities	15,000 1,486,454	-	-	-	1,486,454	-
Unassigned	14,288,683	-	-	-	1,460,434	14,288,683
Subtotal General Fund	24,181,811	1,494,145	-	-	8,398,983	14,288,683
Human Services Fund:						
Prepaid Items	300	300	_	-	-	-
Committed for Human Services						
Programs	982,936	-	_	982,936	-	-
CDBG Grant Fund	304,986	-	304,986	-	-	-
County Sales Tax Funded Programs	16,078,109	-	-	16,078,109	-	-
Debt Service Fund	768,420	-	768,420	-	-	-
American Rescue Plan Act	477,615	-	-	477,615	-	-
Nonmajor Funds:						
Special Revenue Funds:						
Public Health Programs	200,000	-	200,000	-	-	-
Shelter Care Program	25,712	-	25,712	-	-	-
Dog License Fund Committed for						
Animal Control	999	-	-	999	-	-
Aging and Disability Resource						
Center Programs	550,000	-	-	550,000	-	-
Land Management Program	218,063	-	-	218,063	-	-
Jail Assessments Fees Funded	40.540		40.540			
Projects	18,549	-	18,549	4 440	-	-
Crime Prevention	4,110	-	242 200	4,110	-	-
Opioid Settlement	313,320	-	313,320	-	-	-
County Economic Development Loan Program	653,171			653,171		
Loan Flogram	000,171	· 	<u>-</u>	055,171		
Total Governmental Funds	ф 44.770.404	T 4 404 445	f 4.000.007	£ 40.00E.000	Ф 0.200.000	f 44 000 000
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 44,778,101	\$ 1,494,445	\$ 1,630,987	\$ 18,965,003	\$ 8,398,983	\$ 14,288,683

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Internal Service Funds Net Position

The net position of the County's internal service funds at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Net Position at Year End								
			Invested in						Change
Fund		Total	Capital Assets	Re	stricted	U	nrestricted	D	uring Year
Highway Department Fund	\$	19,160,818	\$ 11,418,251	\$	-	\$	7,742,567	\$	1,648,701
Self-Funded Insurance Funds:									
Workers' Compensation		1,000,000	1,797		-		998,203		138,403
Health Insurance		3,278,039	=		-		3,278,039		476,993
Liability Insurance		383,796	-		-		383,796		356,571
Flexible Benefits Fund		95,002			-		95,002		3,447
Totals	\$	23,917,655	\$ 11,420,048	\$	-	\$	12,497,607	\$	2,624,115

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Employee Leave Liability

The County's estimated liability for employee leave at December 31, 2023 totaled \$2,737,115 and consisted of \$2,147,481 payable from its governmental funds and \$589,634 payable from its highway department internal service fund. These liabilities are further discussed below.

The County implemented a Paid Time Off (PTO) plan for its nonrepresented employees effective January 1, 2013. All nonrepresented employees are granted time off based on the number of hours paid in a pay period and length of service. Earned time off is placed into a personal "PTO" account which may be used for any purpose. Amounts credited to the PTO account are subject to maximum accumulations of 480 hours for full-time employees and 360 hours for part time. The County's estimated liability for employee leave under this plan at December 31, 2023 totaled \$2,623,018 and consisted of \$2,041,829 payable from its governmental funds and \$581,189 payable from the highway department internal service fund.

Employees can earn compensatory time for hours worked in excess of the normal work week. Compensatory time is paid at a regular rate of pay when used. The estimated value of compensatory time at December 31, 2023 was \$105,652 in the governmental funds and \$8,445 in the highway department internal service fund.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible state of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements. Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the fiscal reporting period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023, the WRS recognized \$1,699,989 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2023 are:

	Employee	Employer
General (Including Teachers)	6.80%	6.80%
Executives and Elected Officials	6.80%	6.80%
Protective with Social Security	6.80%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.80%	18.10%

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Postretirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
Year Ending December 31,	_Adjustment (%)_	Adjustment (%)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0

<u>Pension Asset/Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$7,162,172 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.13519390%, which was a decrease of 0.00053921 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Asset/Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of</u> Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$3,645,989. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Description	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$11,407,120	\$14,986,396
Changes of Assumptions	1,408,379	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	12,166,877	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions County Contributions Subsequent to the	12,278	5,757
Measurement Date	1,699,989	
Total	\$ 26,694,643	\$14,992,153

\$1,699,989 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ended December 31,	 Amount
2024	\$ 417,716
2025	2,070,953
2026	2,122,871
2027	5.390.961

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Asset/Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2021

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2022

January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Experience Study: Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8% Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%
Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments*: 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Core Ass	Core Asset Allocation		sset Allocation	
		Long-Term		Long-Term	
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Public Equity	48%	5%	N/A	N/A	
U.S. Equities	N/A	N/A	70%	4.6%	
International Equities	N/A	N/A	30%	5.5%	
Public Fixed Income	25%	2.7%	N/A	N/A	
Inflation Sensitive	19%	1.1%	N/A	N/A	
Real Estate	8%	2.6%	N/A	N/A	
Private Equity/Debt	15%	6.9%	N/A	N/A	
Totals	115%	•	100%	•	

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Asset/Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability, for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease Rate				1% Increase	
		(5.8%)		(6.8%)		(7.8%)
County's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	23,771,016	\$	7,162,172	\$	(4,263,288)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Other Postemployment Benefits - Multiple Employer Plan

General Information about the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Plan Description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for postage 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2023 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Employee Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Employee Contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2022 are:

Attained Age	Basic
Under 30	\$0.05
30-34	0.06
35-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

During the fiscal reporting period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023, the LRLIF recognized \$7,169 in contributions from the employer.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$1,355,860 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.35588500 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00178500 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$136,006. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred oflows of
Description	R	esources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual	· · ·			
Experience	\$	-	\$	132,693
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input		487,131		800,329
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on OPEB Investments		25,442		-
Change in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		59,006		28,213
District Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		7,169		-
Total	\$	578,748	\$	961,235

\$7,169 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Mortality

C. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

	OPE	B Expense
Year Ending December 31:	/	Amount
2024	\$	(27,323)
2025		(35,147)
2026		(9,996)
2027		(71,198)
2028		(122,438)
Thereafter		(123,554)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2022
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2022
	January 1, 2010 - Dagambar 21, 2020.
	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020;
Experience Study	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	3.72%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	4.25%
Discount Rate	3.76%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

			Long-Term
			Expected
		Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	50%	2.45%
U.S. Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50%	2.83%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Re		4.25%	

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 2.30%.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.76% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.17% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the increase in the municipal bond rate from 2.06% as of December 31, 2021 to 3.72% as of December 31, 2022. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the uncial bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 3.76%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.76%) or one-percentage-point higher (4.76%) than the current rate:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

		Current					
		19	% Decrease (2.76%)	Dis	scount Rate (3.76%)	19	% Increase (4.76%)
Proportionate Share of the							
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	12/31/23	\$	1,848,572	\$	1,355,860	\$	978,254

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The County reports OPEB in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The County engaged an actuary to determine the County's liability for postemployment healthcare benefits other than pensions.

Single-Employer Plan Description

Plan Description

The County's plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). The County Board of Chippewa County is designated as the administrator of the OPEB plan.

Benefits Provided

All County employees eligible for retirement under the Wisconsin Retirement System with a minimum of 10 years of service and at least 55 years of age (50 for protective status) may continue coverage under the County's group medical plan until Medicare eligible provided that they self-pay 100% of the required premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	4
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Active Plan Members	355
Total	359

Contributions

The County funds its other post-employment benefit on a pay-as-you go basis. For fiscal year 2023, the County contributed an estimated \$38,483 to the plan.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (Continued)

Single-Employer Plan Description (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The County does not accumulate assets in a trust for payment of OPEB benefits. Accordingly, the County must report its total OPEB liability. The County's total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to a measurement date of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2023, the County reported a total OPEB liability of \$322,853. Changes in the County's total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 367,023
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	30,681
Interest	7,253
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	(42,627)
Benefit Payments	(39,477)
Net Changes	(44,170)
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 322,853

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll

Medical Care Trend 6.5% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to

5.0% and level thereafter.

Discount Rate: 4.25%

Municipal Bond Rate Source S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index

Mortality Assumptions Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Inflation Rate 2.5%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.25%. The discount rate is based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 4.25%. This is a decrease from the prior year rate of 2.00%.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (Continued)

Single-Employer Plan Description (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

					Current Discount		√ Increase
		1% Decrease (3.25)		Rate (4.25%)		(5.25%)	
Total OPEB Liability	12/31/2023	\$	341,293	\$	322,853	\$	305,342

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Heal	thcare Cost		
		1% Decrease Trend Rates				1%	Increase
		(5.5% Decreasing to 4.0%) (6.5% Decreasing to 5.0%)		Decreasing	(7.5% Decreasing		
				to 6.0%)			
Total OPEB Liability	12/31/2023	\$	293,811	\$	322,853	\$	356,702

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense (revenue) of\$22,668. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
Description	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	64,361	\$	96,539
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input		158,989		241,000
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		38,483		-
Total	\$	261,833	\$	337,539

\$38,483 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (Continued) Single-Employer Plan Description (Continued)

	OPE	OPEB Expense		
Year Ended December 31,		mount		
2024	\$	(15,266)		
2025		(15,266)		
2026		(15,266)		
2027		(15,266)		
2028		(15,263)		
Thereafter		(37,862)		

The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

E. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County maintains a combination of commercial insurance coverage and self-insurance programs to cover each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

Workers' Compensation Fund. The County is self-insured for workers compensation coverage. This program is funded through "premiums" charged to all County departments based on 3.5% of payroll. Claims are paid directly by the County. Stop-loss insurance is carried and covers individual claims in excess of \$550,000 for each accident and each employee for disease to a maximum statutory limit. In addition to inhouse legal and administrative staff, the County retains outside legal and medical expertise for assistance in settling claims. The fund had a net position at December 31, 2023 of \$1,000,000.

Changes in claims liability for 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	 2023	2022			
Estimated Claims Outstanding January 1	\$ 894,939	\$	925,732		
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	679,246		888,445		
Claim Payments	 (444,231)		(919,238)		
Estimated Claims Outstanding December 31	\$ 1,129,954	\$	894,939		

Liability Insurance Fund. The County has established an internal service fund to account for transactions associated with its insurance coverage through WMMIC (see below) and to account for funds set aside for financing other liability insurance claims against the County.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Risk Management (Continued)

Liability Insurance Fund (Continued). Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC) is a mutual company operating solely within the property and liability insurance industry. WMMIC was formed pursuant to an intergovernmental charter-contract in 1987 by municipal members. WMMIC was organized to provide property and liability insurance and risk management services to participant municipalities. As of December 31, 2023, WMMIC was owned by seventeen municipalities. Responsibility for the operation and management of WMMIC is vested in its board of directors which is comprised of various municipal officials.

WMMIC issued tax-exempt revenue bonds totaling \$13,935,000 in 1987 to provide capital for its operations. Each member, in turn, severally issued general obligation promissory notes at an aggregate amount equal to the revenue bonds and invested the proceeds in WMMIC. The County's initial investment in WMMIC was \$750,327 which is reflected in the internal service fund's statement of net position. The debt issued by the County to finance this investment was fully retired in 1997. The County's allocated share of WMMIC's member equity at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1,114,346 and \$1,032,644, respectively, and represented 3.11% and 3.11%, respectively, of the total member equity at those dates.

Liability insurance provided the members through WMMIC is to provide coverage in excess of prescribed self-insured amounts. WMMIC has contracted with a reinsurance company to cover losses (in excess of the self-insured retention of each member) which exceed \$1,000,000 per occurrence up to a maximum loss of \$15,000,000 per occurrence. WMMIC retains the first \$1,000,000 of the excess over the self-insurance retention. The members incur all losses greater than \$15,000,000 per occurrence or greater than \$33,000,000 of aggregate losses in a policy year. Losses paid by WMMIC plus administrative costs are to be recovered through premiums of the participating pool of municipalities. A list of members and their share of participation is in WMMIC's financial report which is available from: Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company, 4785 Hayes Road, Madison, WI 53704-7364.

The County's annual self-insured limit has been established at \$200,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate self-insured retention (SIR) for all losses of \$525,000 for the 2023 policy year. Each member is required to maintain a segregated fund on deposit with WMMIC. This fund is used by WMMIC to pay claims charged to the member and is subject to replenishment by the member on a quarterly basis (or more frequently, if necessary). The amount of the deposit has been currently set at \$250,000 for the County. WMMIC has also set a policy that each member should maintain, in a segregated fund, cash reserves equal to one year's SIR plus incurred but not reported claims (IBNRs) less SIR funds on deposit with WMMIC.

The self-funded liability insurance fund had a net position of \$383,796 and \$27,225 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and consisted of the following components:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Risk Management (Continued)

Liability Insurance Fund (Continued)

	2023			2022	
Accounts Receivable	\$	35,571	\$	24,704	
Investment in WMMIC		750,327		750,327	
Cash and Investments Held by County		296,967		-	
Deposits with WMMIC		199,938		250,584	
Accounts Payable		(504)		(796)	
Due to General Fund		-		(127,836)	
Accrued Unpaid Losses		(898,503)		(869,758)	
Net Position December 31	\$	383,796	\$	27,225	

The liability recorded for unpaid losses at December 31, 2023 was determined by actuaries contracted by WMMIC based on claim adjusters evaluations and other estimates. The liability includes those for incurred but not reported (IBNRs) losses. The liability represents the present value of the expected level of unpaid losses for the years of operations under WMMIC. Chippewa County's policy is to set its liability at the 90% confidence level.

Changes in claims liability for 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	 2023	 2022			
Estimated Claims Outstanding January 1	\$ 869,758	\$ 882,262			
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	164,692	9,784			
Claim Payments	 (135,947)	 (22,288)			
Estimated Claims Outstanding December 31	\$ 898,503	\$ 869,758			

Self-Funded Health Insurance. The County has established a self-funded health insurance program. This program is funded through "premiums" charged monthly to the various County departments based on actual participation by employees. The plan is administered on contract basis for a monthly fee based on the number of participating employees. Claims are paid by the administrator and are reimbursed by the County on a monthly basis. Reinsurance for both specific and annual aggregate stop-loss coverage is provided. Specific stop-loss covers individual claims in excess of \$100,000. The fund had a net position balance at December 31, 2023 of \$3,278,039.

Changes in the claim liability for 2023 was as follows:

	 2023
Estimated Claims Outstanding January 1	\$ 270,740
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	8,471,767
Claim Payments	 (8,190,692)
Estimated Claims Outstanding December 31	\$ 551,815

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Contingencies

From time to time, the County is party of various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the County's legal advisors that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position or results of operations.

G. Stewardship and Accountability

Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the WRRWC Fund by \$4,227,897. This overage was determined to be necessary and authorized by the Board.



CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Budgeted Original	l Am	nounts Final		Actual	Fir	ariance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES		Original		i iliai		riotaai		rtogativo)
Taxes	\$	18,652,343	\$	18,652,343	\$	18,690,045	\$	37,702
Intergovernmental	Ψ	12,416,149	Ψ	12,416,149	Ψ	12,070,601	Ψ	(345,548)
Licenses and Permits		696,069		696,069		697,780		1,711
Fines and Forfeits		182,339		182,339		172,203		(10,136)
Public Charges for Services		2,638,954		2,638,954		3,659,471		1,020,517
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		305,292		305,292		234,404		(70,888)
Miscellaneous:		000,202		000,202		201,101		(10,000)
Investment Income		350,000		350,000		1,361,114		1,011,114
Increase (Decrease) in		000,000		000,000		.,00.,		., ,
Fair Value of Investments		_		_		508,056		508,056
Rent		28,566		28,566		6,819		(21,747)
Lease Revenue		-		-		26,612		26,612
Sale of Property		700		700		1,932		1,232
Profit on Tax Deed Sales		75,125		75,125		68,352		(6,773)
Other		613,894		613,894		530,000		(83,894)
Total Revenues		35,959,431		35,959,431		38,027,389		2,067,958
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		11,974,989		11,974,989		10,747,441		1,227,548
Public Safety		10,946,872		10,946,872		10,970,280		(23,408)
Public Works		11,146,645		11,146,645		11,113,185		33,460
Health and Human Services		1,801,732		1,801,732		1,622,312		179,420
Culture, Recreation, and Education		2,083,524		2,083,524		1,747,965		335,559
Conservation and Development		4,042,145		4,042,145		3,027,054		1,015,091
Debt Service		2,300		2,300		191,529		(189,229)
Total Expenditures		41,998,207		41,998,207		39,419,766		2,578,441
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,038,776)		(6,038,776)		(1,392,377)		4,646,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Lease/SBITAs Issued		-		-		94,233		94,233
Transfers In		2,533,917		2,533,917		4,970,684		2,436,767
Transfers Out				(292,500)		(1,790,070)		(1,497,570)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,533,917		2,241,417		3,274,847		1,033,430
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,504,859)		(3,797,359)		1,882,470		5,679,829
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, January 1		22,299,341		22,299,341		22,299,341		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	18,794,482	\$	18,501,982	\$	24,181,811	\$	5,679,829

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – HUMAN SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				_
Taxes	\$ 2,240,886	\$ 2,240,886	\$ 2,240,886	\$ -
Intergovernmental	5,196,356	5,196,356	5,639,094	442,738
Public Charges for Services	227,300	227,300	231,619	4,319
Other			17,420	17,420
Total Revenues	7,664,542	7,664,542	8,129,019	464,477
EXPENDITURES				
Health and Human Services	7,664,542	7,664,542	7,213,653	450,889
Debt Service			41,181	(41,181)
Total Expenditures	7,664,542	7,664,542	7,254,834	409,708
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	874,185	874,185
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES				
Transfers In	_	_	1,132,721	1,132,721
Transfers Out	-	_	(1,128,533)	(1,128,533)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	_	4,188	4,188
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	878,373	878,373
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	104,863	104,863	104,863	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 104,863	\$ 104,863	\$ 983,236	\$ 878,373

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – COUNTY SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>	- I mai	7101001	(Hogalito)
Taxes	\$ 7,772,417	\$ 7,772,417	\$ 8,570,478	\$ 798,061
Miscellaneous:				
Interest	2,964	2,964	392,257	389,293
Total Revenues	7,775,381	7,775,381	8,962,735	1,187,354
EXPENDITURES				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,775,381	7,775,381	8,962,735	1,187,354
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out	(7,048,119)	(7,048,119)	(6,895,284)	152,835
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	727,262	727,262	2,067,451	1,340,189
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	14,010,658	14,010,658	14,010,658	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,737,920	\$ 14,737,920	\$ 16,078,109	\$ 1,340,189

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – WRRWC FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget - Positive
		Original Final				Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								,
Taxes	\$	340,601	\$	340,601	\$	340,601	\$	-
Intergovernmental	2	2,003,906		22,003,906		26,727,557		4,723,651
Public Charges for Services		788,046		788,046		675,013		(113,033)
Total Revenues	2	3,132,553		23,132,553		27,743,171		4,610,618
EXPENDITURES								
Health and Human Services	2	3,132,553		23,132,553		27,359,893		(4,227,340)
Debt Service		-		-		557		(557)
Total Expenditures	2	3,132,553		23,132,553		27,360,450		(4,227,897)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		382,721		382,721
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers Out						(382,721)		(382,721)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SHOWN PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

		2018 2019			2020 2021		2022		2023			
Total OPEB Liability				,								
Service Cost	\$	132,690	\$	132,690	\$	122,426	\$	159,730	\$	177,294	\$	30,681
Interest		50,270		53,382		62,551		46,843		42,933		7,253
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-	((1,497,063)		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		-		-		(173,771)		-		82,751		-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input		-		(57,039)		201,511		70,555		(224,474)		(42,627)
Benefit Payments	<u></u>	(106,434)		(81,610)		(89,058)		(94,477)		(67,824)		(39,477)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		76,526		47,423		123,659		182,651	((1,486,383)		(44,170)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		1,423,147		1,499,673		1,547,096		1,670,755		1,853,406		367,023
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,499,673	\$	1,547,096	\$	1,670,755	\$	1,853,406	\$	367,023	\$	322,853
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1	8,462,997	\$	18,462,997	\$ 2	20,012,887	\$ 2	20,012,887	\$ 2	20,428,332	\$ 2	0,428,332
County's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of		0.400/		0.000/		0.05%		0.000/		4.000/		4.500/
Covered Employee Payroll		8.12%		8.38%		8.35%		9.26%		1.80%		1.58%

The County does not accumulate assets in a trust that meets the criteria of GASBS No 75.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SHOWN PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

					Proportionate		
					Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary	
		F	Proportionate		Pension Liability	Net Position as a	
Plan	Proportion of	5	Share of the		(Asset) as a	Percentage of the	
Measurement	the Net Pension	I	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of	Total Pension	
Date	Liability (Asset)	<u>Li</u>	ability (Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability	
12/31/2022	0.13519390%	\$	7,162,172	\$ 22,256,256	32.18%	95.72%	
12/31/2021	0.13573311%		(10,940,338)	21,426,545	51.06%	106.02%	
12/31/2020	0.13639147%		(8,515,108)	21,549,698	39.51%	105.26%	
12/31/2019	0.13520093%		(4,359,495)	20,415,872	21.35%	102.96%	
12/31/2018	0.13455690%		4,787,112	19,644,636	24.37%	96.45%	
12/31/2017	0.13358218%		(3,966,213)	18,896,896	20.99%	102.93%	
12/31/2016	0.13390376%		1,103,687	18,476,595	5.97%	99.12%	
12/31/2015	0.13404332%		2,178,178	18,109,202	12.03%	98.20%	
12/31/2014	0.13646909%		(3,352,054)	18,214,274	18.40%	102.74%	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SHOWN PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

County Fiscal Year Ending	ontractually Required ontributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2023	\$ 1,699,989	(1,699,989)		- \$	22,801,072	7.46%
12/31/2022	1,573,895	(1,573,895)		-	22,256,257	7.07%
12/31/2021	1,556,645	(1,556,645)		-	21,426,545	7.27%
12/31/2020	1,558,422	(1,558,422)		-	21,549,698	7.23%
12/31/2019	1,418,942	(1,418,942)		-	20,415,872	6.95%
12/31/2018	1,395,010	(1,395,010)		-	19,644,637	7.10%
12/31/2017	1,358,750	(1,358,750)		-	18,896,897	7.19%
12/31/2016	1,271,761	(1,271,761)		-	18,476,595	6.88%
12/31/2015	1,280,680	(1,280,680)		-	18,109,202	7.07%

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of Assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. The County is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY WISCONSIN LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND OPEB PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SHOWN PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

					County's Proportionate	
OPEB Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Cou	nty's Covered Payroll	Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)
Date	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	-	Fayluli	Covered Fayron	Liability (Asset)
12/31/2022 12/31/2021	0.35588500% 0.35767000%	\$1,355,860 2.113.962	\$	18,570,000 18,721,000	7.30 11.29	38.81 29.57
12/31/2021	0.33831000%	1.862.165		18.143.000	10.26	31.36
12/31/2019	0.33558300%	1,428,978		17,229,000	8.29	37.58
12/31/2018	0.34653300%	894,172		16,873,000	5.30	48.69
12/31/2017	0.34807200%	1,047,202		14,637,423	7.15	44.81

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO WISCONSIN LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND OPEB PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SHOWN PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

County's Fiscal Year End Date	Re	tractually equired htribution	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the otractually equired otributions	Def	tribution ficiency xcess)	Cou	ınty's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
12/31/2023	\$	7,169	\$	(7,169)	\$	-	\$	18,570,000	0.04 %		
12/31/2022		7,152		(7,152)		-		18,721,000	0.04 %		
12/31/2021		7,171		(7,171)		-		18,143,000	0.04 %		
12/31/2020		6,773		(6,773)		-		17,669,900	0.04 %		
12/31/2019		6,604		(6,604)		-		17,229,000	0.04 %		
12/31/2018		6,710		(6,710)		-		16,873,000	0.04 %		

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of Assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. The County is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the presentation of budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund. Budgetary information for the general fund, human services fund, county sales tax fund, and WRRWC fund is derived from the County's annual operating budget. The CDBG grant program is administered by the housing authority and is not included in the County's annual budget. Accordingly, a budgetary comparison schedule has not been presented for the CDBG grant fund. The County did not adopt a formal budget for the American Rescue Plan Act fund.

The County's annual operating budget is adopted in accordance with Chapter 65 of the Wisconsin Statutes and on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Changes to appropriations authorized in the adopted budget generally require a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the governing body. The County's legal budget is adopted at the major function level in the general fund (i.e., general government) and at the fund level in all other funds. The County exercises budgetary expenditure control at the department level.

Budget amounts in the financial statements include both original adopted budget and the final budget. Changes to the budget during the year, if any, generally include amendments authorized by the governing body, additions of approved carryover amounts and appropriations of revenues and other sources for specified expenditures/uses. Appropriated budget amounts in the general fund lapse at the end of the year unless specifically carried over for financing subsequent year expenditures.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Special Rev	enue F	unds				
***********	Public Health	 Shelter Care		Dog Licenses	I	Aging and Disability Resource Center	Ma	Land nagement
ASSETS								
Treasurer's Cash and Investments Departmental Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable	\$ 414 - 529,966 21,734	\$ 25,712 - - -	\$	46,086 - - 1,333	\$	250,214 692 150,538 20,497	\$	217,423 - - 5,372
Due from Other Governmental Units Installment Loans Receivable	201,809			-		440,173		-
Prepaid Items	 72	 		-		147		
Total Assets	\$ 753,995	\$ 25,712	\$	47,419	\$	862,261	\$	222,795
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ 12,396	\$ - -	\$	45,313 1,107	\$	71,577	\$	4,732 -
Unearned Revenues Total Liabilities	 11,633 24,029	 -		46,420		90,146		4,732
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				,		,		.,
Subsequent Year's Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Long-Term Receivables	529,966	-		-		150,538		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 529,966	-		-		150,538		-
FUND BALANCES Restricted	200,000	25,712		_		_		_
Committed	 	 <u> </u>		999		550,000		218,063
Total Fund Balances	200,000	25,712		999		550,000		218,063
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 753,995	\$ 25,712	\$	47,419	\$	862,261	\$	222,795

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)									Capital Projects Funds			
ASSETS	As	Jail sessment Fees		Crime evention	S	Opioid ettlement		Economic velopment	Spe	Total ecial Revenue Funds	2022 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	ı —
Treasurer's Cash and Investments Departmental Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Installment Loans Receivable Prepaid Items	\$	24,871 - - 3,664 - -	\$	3,610 - - 500 - - -	\$	313,320 - - - - - - -	\$	653,171 - - - - 1,697	\$	1,534,821 692 680,504 53,100 641,982 1,697 219	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 1,534,821 692 680,504 53,100 641,982 1,697 219	2 4 0 2 7
Total Assets	\$	28,535	\$	4,110	\$	313,320	\$	654,868	\$	2,913,015	\$ -	\$ 2,913,015	<u>5</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Unearned Revenues Total Liabilities	\$	9,986 - - - 9,986	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	144,004 1,107 101,779 246,890	\$ - - -	\$ 144,004 1,107 101,779 246,890	7 9
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Subsequent Year's Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Long-Term Receivables Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - -		<u>-</u>		- - -		1,697 1,697		680,504 1,697 682,201		680,504 1,697 682,201	7_
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Total Fund Balances		18,549 - 18,549		4,110 4,110		313,320 - 313,320		653,171 653,171		557,581 1,426,343 1,983,924	- - -	557,581 1,426,343 1,983,924	3_
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	28,535	\$	4,110	\$	313,320	\$	654,868	\$	2,913,015	\$ -	\$ 2,913,015	<u>5</u>

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Special Revenue Funds Aging and Disability **Public** Shelter Dog Resource Land Health Care Licenses Center Management **REVENUES Taxes** 135,835 \$ \$ \$ 34,196 \$ Intergovernmental 1,225,366 1,585,820 76,372 Licenses and Permits 304,073 47,229 Jail Assessment Fees **Public Charges for Services** 212,179 171,607 71,975 Interest Other 1,018 100,526 **Total Revenues** 1,878,471 47,229 1,892,149 148,347 **EXPENDITURES** General Government Public Safety Health and Human Services 1,994,151 47,129 1,873,314 **Total Expenditures** 1,994,151 47,129 1,873,314 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES** (115,680)100 18,835 148,347 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers In: General Fund 115,680 Transfers Out: General Fund (18,835)(280, 284)Highway Department Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 115,680 (18,835)(280, 284)**NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES** 100 (131,937)Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 200,000 25,712 899 550,000 350,000 **FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR** 25,712 200,000 999 550,000 218,063

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		;	Special R	evenue	e Fund	s (Continued				Capital <u>Projects Funds</u> Total					
	Asse	Jail essment ees		Crime Prevention		Opioid ettlement		conomic velopment	Total Special Revenue Funds		2022 Capital Projects Fund		l otal Nonmajor overnmental Funds		
REVENUES															
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	170,031	\$ -	\$	170,031		
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		2,887,558	-		2,887,558		
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-		351,302	-		351,302		
Jail Assessment Fees		49,404		-		-		-		49,404	-		49,404		
Public Charges for Services		-		-		-				455,761	-		455,761		
Interest		-		-		15,320		47		15,367	120,477		135,844		
Other		 _		110		85,611		3,868		195,133			195,133		
Total Revenues		49,404	4,	110		100,931		3,915		4,124,556	120,477		4,245,033		
EXPENDITURES															
General Government		_		_		118,221		_		118,221	_		118,221		
Public Safety		53,723		_		-		_		53,723	_		53,723		
Health and Human Services		-		_		_		_		3,914,594	_		3,914,594		
Total Expenditures		53,723		_		118,221		-		4,086,538			4,086,538		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES															
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,319)	4,	110		(17,290)		3,915		38,018	120,477		158,495		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers In:															
General Fund		-		-		-		-		115,680	-		115,680		
Transfers Out:															
General Fund		-		-		-		-		(299,119)	-		(299,119)		
Highway Department Fund										-	(3,146,743)		(3,146,743)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										(183,439)	(3,146,743)		(3,330,182)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,319)	4,	110		(17,290)		3,915		(145,421)	(3,026,266)		(3,171,687)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		22,868				330,610		649,256		2,129,345	3,026,266		5,155,611		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	18,549	\$ 4,	110	\$	313,320	\$	653,171	\$	1,983,924	\$ -	\$	1,983,924		

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN DETAILED BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2022)

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$ 23,061,100	\$ 14,761,378
Departmental Cash	129,835	118,852
Taxes Receivable:	.20,000	
Current Taxes Receivable	17,440,080	18,189,548
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	1,104,542	949,206
Tax Deeds Owned by County	4,582	-
Accounts Receivable	183,025	200,870
Lease Receivable	206,346	228,093
Due from Other Governments	929,522	990,330
Due from Other Funds:	·	·
WRRWC Fund	430,210	5,755,416
Self-Funded Liability Insurance Fund	-	127,836
Human Services Fund	-	832,601
CDBG Grant Fund	30,000	30,000
Public Health Fund	-	125,280
Prepaid Items	385,021	386,307
Total Assets	\$ 43,904,263	\$ 42,695,717
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES		
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 1,018,588	\$ 868,049
Payroll Deductions	930,423	966,058
Unearned Revenues	137,420	150,169
Total Liabilities	2,086,431	1,984,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Subsequent Year's Property Taxes	17,440,080	18,189,548
Leases	195,941	222,552
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,636,021	18,412,100
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable:		
Delinquent Taxes	1,109,124	949,206
Prepaid Items	385,021	386,307
Assigned	8,398,983	9,724,777
Unassigned	14,288,683	11,239,051
Total Fund Balance	24,181,811	22,299,341
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		
of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 43,904,263	\$ 42,695,717

	Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance - Positive legative)	2022 Actual
REVENUES:	<u> </u>			,	
Taxes:					
General Property Taxes	\$ 18,189,548	\$ 18,189,548	\$	-	\$ 17,843,220
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	29,000	26,031		(2,969)	31,715
Forest Crop Taxes	30,000	36,061		6,061	34,698
Sales Taxes	140	163		23	153
Vehicle Registration Fees	1,655	1,655		-	515
Real Estate Transfer Fees - County Share	187,000	240,097		53,097	257,685
Interest on Taxes	210,000	183,824		(26,176)	231,573
Agricultural Land Conversion Penalty	5,000	12,666		7,666	12,628
Total Taxes	18,652,343	18,690,045		37,702	18,412,187
Intergovernmental:					
Shared Taxes from State	2,679,055	2,710,629		31,574	2,705,836
Tax Exempt Computer Aid	105,886	106,265		379	106,265
Election Aids	-	6,502		6.502	-
Guardian Ad Litem	73,000	88,388		15,388	87,787
Victim/Witness Program	94,330	92,560		(1,770)	92,604
Court Grant	222,359	228,947		6,588	226,229
Criminal Justice Coordinator	345,800	337,568		(8,232)	267,917
Drug Abuse Program	6,625	4,694		(1,931)	9,132
Snowmobile Enforcement Patrol	18.170	25.827		7,657	13,189
Responsible Unit Grant	111,465	111,465		- ,,,,,,	111,465
Recycling Grant	108,430	108,119		(311)	108,430
Clean Sweep Grant	9,600	10.170		570	9.600
Water Safety Patrol	26,043	19,036		(7,007)	27,105
All Terrain Vehicle Patrol	16,793	35,940		19,147	27,478
SARA Program	17,500	18,933		1,433	14,617
Emergency Government - Special Grants	10,000	-		(10,000)	133
County Jail State Aids	-	28,492		28,492	26,369
Courthouse Energy Efficiency	_	3,337		3,337	2,000
Targeted Runoff Management Grants	196,000	-		(196,000)	927,794
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program	500	_		(500)	1,610
District Attorney	33,990	14,689		(19,301)	78,148
SARA HAZMAT Equipment Grant	10,000	7,235		(2,765)	8,508
Lake Protection Grant	15,000	-		(15,000)	13,293
Police Training	19,405	13,515		(5,890)	13,558
Sheriff Department Grants	15,000	79,277		64,277	23,906

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2022 Actual
REVENUES (CONTINUED)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
County Trunk Highways	\$	1,974,175	\$ 1,974,175	\$ -	\$ 1,940,483
Federal Aid Secondary Projects		4,184,564	4,184,564	-	4,424,399
Local Road Improvement Program		123,199	123,199	-	7,193
Child Support		778,437	759,628	(18,809)	762,114
Veterans Service Officer		12,650	25,040	12,390	12,650
Snowmobile Trail Advances		246,210	350,075	103,865	147,194
All Terrain Vehicle Trails		22,162	22,424	262	20,669
Wildlife Habitat Management		1,620	1,621	1	1,621
Forest Administration		50,000	52,110	2,110	49,750
Forest Roads		6,375	6,360	(15)	6,360
State Aid - SWRM		396,000	280,472	(115,528)	626,964
County Forest Trails		402,806	91,616	(311,190)	1,851
Old Abe Trail		-	4	4	5
Wildlife Damage Abatement		30,000	23,558	(6,442)	25,473
Other Federal Grants		-	61,612	61,612	50,000
Emergency Government		53,000	62,555	9,555	61,813
Total Intergovernmental		12,416,149	12,070,601	(345,548)	13,041,512
Licenses and Permits:					
Large Assembly Licenses		1,000	-	(1,000)	1,000
Marriage License Fees		18,000	16,340	(1,660)	18,085
Marriage License Fees for Social Services		8,000	7,040	(960)	7,660
Conservation License Fees		350	17,563	17,213	185
Environmental Impact Fees		3,605	3,605	-	3,756
Zoning Permits		209,721	203,188	(6,533)	211,378
Building Inspection Fees		169,393	170,434	1,041	174,239
Gravel Pit Permits		285,500	279,550	(5,950)	315,103
Occupational Driver's Licenses		500	60	(440)	60
Total Licenses and Permits		696,069	697,780	1,711	731,466
Fines and Forfeits:					
County Ordinance Forfeitures		95,339	68,389	(26,950)	76,801
County Share of State Fines and Forfeitures	_	87,000	103,814	16,814	108,233
Total Fines and Forfeits		182,339	172,203	(10,136)	185,034

		-· .				riance -		0000
		Final Budget		Actual		ositive egative)		2022 Actual
REVENUES (CONTINUED)		Suugei		Actual	(146	egalive)		Actual
Public Charges for Services:								
County Clerk Fees	\$	13,000	\$	12,513	\$	(487)	\$	12,929
Treasurer Fees	•	3,200	Ψ	3,025	Ψ	(175)	Ψ	4,555
Employee Health Premium Revenue		-		37,696		37,696		37,017
Register of Deeds Fees		333,057		300,734		(32,323)		346,538
Uniform Address Fees		7,164		6,685		(479)		7,385
Surveyor Fees		1,500		180		(1,320)		693
Sign Replacement Revenues		5,775		8,630		2,855		7,882
Passport Revenues		72,000		92,859		20.859		69,104
Circuit Court Fees and Costs		218,000		201,868		(16,132)		226,005
Criminal Justice Coordinator		30,000		47,013		17,013		37,119
Mediation Fees		7,845		6,000		(1,845)		5,875
Bond Forfeiture Revenues		12,000		31,969		19,969		11,981
Attorney Fee Reimbursements		36,000		60,967		24,967		41,714
Register in Probate Fees		16,000		31,049		15,049		29,864
Guardian Ad Litem Revenue		72,000		65,211		(6,789)		60,999
Guardianship Revenue		9,450		16,640		7,190		6,034
Probate Attorney Fees		1,080		63		(1,017)		169
Youth Court Program Fees		250		360		110		190
Restitution Surcharge Fees		30,600		24,190		(6,410)		31,213
Ignition Interlock Surcharge Fees		6,100		5,412		(688)		6,397
Chapter 51/55 Legal Fees		400		-		(400)		23
Prosecution Revenues		500		480		(20)		520
Sale of Maps and Plats		2,500		4,144		1,644		6,321
Sheriff Fees		182,342		168,619		(13,723)		176,649
Reserve Officers Revenues		134,000		167,682		33,682		163,277
Board of Prisoners - Huber		223,920		206,415		(17,505)		184,941
Jail Revenues		48,040		40,688		(7,352)		36,052
Jail Canteen Fund		124,010		133,507		9,497		114,496
Electronic Monitoring Revenue		65,700		19,051		(46,649)		33,811
DNA Testing Fee		2,400		1,370		(1,030)		-
Coroner Fees		58,000		68,140		10,140		64,785
All Terrain Vehicle Class Fees		450		290		(160)		420
Water Patrol Class Fees		450		830		380		420
Snowmobile Training Class Fees		250		310		60		950
Health Clinic Revenue		37,950		35,434		(2,516)		31,375
Home Nursing Revenue		-		651		651		-
Child Support Collections		15,500		12,064		(3,436)		15,310
County Parks Revenue		239,000		226,788		(12,212)		224,872

			٧	ariance -	
	Final			Positive	2022
	Budget	Actual	1)	Negative)	 Actual
REVENUES (CONTINUED)					
Public Charges for Services: (Continued)					
Trail Fee Revenues	\$ 15,000	\$ 12,442	\$	(2,558)	\$ 13,654
Tree Planter Rental Fees	1,000	150		(850)	750
University Extension Revenue	14,000	37,273		23,273	37,907
CREP Revenue	1,500	146		(1,354)	-
Land Conservation - Engineering Services	9,000	1,810		(7,190)	6,600
Land Conservation - Technical Services	20,000	27,480		7,480	30,965
Land Conservation - Municipal Service Fee	23,303	23,303		-	18,250
Plan Review Fees	20,799	19,755		(1,044)	30,530
District Attorney Revenues	13,850	24,437		10,587	15,156
County Forest Revenues	469,800	1,437,980		968,180	907,232
Solid Waste Tire Facility	30,000	24,899		(5,101)	24,077
Community Well Water Fee	-	-			10,028
Recycling Revenues	10,269	10,269		-	10,269
Total Public Charges for Services	2,638,954	3,659,471		1,020,517	3,103,411
Intergovernmental Charges for Services:					
Board of Prisoners from Other Governments	214,525	138,749		(75,776)	100,221
Information System Revenues	62,767	63,904		1,137	65,552
Elections	28,000	31,751		3,751	28,197
Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services	305,292	234,404		(70,888)	193,970
Miscellaneous:					
Investment Income	350,000	1,361,114		1,011,114	413,465
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	-	508,056		508,056	(1,346,185)
Rent of County Offices and Buildings	-	6,819		6,819	7,495
Radio Tower Lease Revenue	28,566	-		(28,566)	_
Copy Machine/Offset Revenue	9,600	9,902		302	7,018
Sale of County Property	500	432		(68)	325
Sale of Sheriff Property	200	1,500		1,300	400
Profit on Tax Deed Sales	75,125	68,352		(6,773)	5,185
TIF District Refunds	-	3,936		3,936	-
Insurance Recoveries	10,000	114,874		104,874	24,154
Insurance Dividends	100,000	138,098		38,098	93,031
Youth Court Program Donations	6,000	4,964		(1,036)	5,022
Land Conservation Private Grants and Donations	50,500	24,135		(26,365)	18,708
Sheriff Donations	2,500	28,875		26,375	75,218
Sundry Departmental Revenues	7,750	29,944		22,194	20,240
Land Conservation Revenue	12,000	15,419		3,419	17,987
Maintenance Miscellaneous Revenue	65,907	61,122		(4,785)	50,855
Emergency Government Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-			250
Forest and Parks Miscellaneous Revenue	250,250	150		(250,100)	215
Lease Revenue	-	26,612		26,612	26,612
Other Miscellaneous Revenues	99,387	98,581		(806)	100,518
Total Miscellaneous	1,068,285	2,502,885		1,434,600	(479,487)
Total Revenues	35,959,431	38,027,389		2,067,958	35,188,093

				2023			
	Final Budget			Actual	ı	ariance - Positive Negative)	2022 Actual
EXPENDITURES						•	
General Government:							
County Board	\$	181,680	\$	142,774	\$	38,906	\$ 153,922
Circuit Court		2,964,175		2,457,969		506,206	2,155,770
Mediation Program		26,245		26,245		-	25,500
Register in Probate		228,024		207,120		20,904	206,671
Youth Court Program		6,250		2,925		3,325	2,706
Family Court Commissioner		24,000		23,780		220	24,108
Coroner		164,265		147,976		16,289	194,019
County Clerk		257,269		263,116		(5,847)	254,956
County Administrator		429,875		380,204		49,671	342,158
Elections		66,098		51,699		14,399	88,488
Personnel		352,786		423,028		(70,242)	418,893
Information Systems		957,067		926,620		30,447	891,435
Copy Machine/Offset		9,600		7,079		2,521	25,365
Finance		398,509		369,441		29,068	341,072
Personal Property Chargeback Expenses		500		-		500	233
Assessments		425		-		425	-
County Treasurer		428,134		385,479		42,655	377,894
Independent Auditing		29,061		25,675		3,386	29,584
Special Accounting		8,000		7,750		250	7,750
District Attorney		565,774		569,193		(3,419)	586,644
Crime Victim/Witness Program		264,923		265,566		(643)	257,488
Corporate Counsel		382,356		423,117		(40,761)	384,928
Register of Deeds		389,324		340,991		48,333	376,304
Register of Deeds Carryover		44,597		31,134		13,463	-
Land Records Program Local		385,809		424,752		(38,943)	230,658
Tax Deed Expense		69,125		78,446		(9,321)	-
Courthouse		1,578,566		1,446,312		132,254	1,722,281
Courthouse Upgrades		530,288		353,196		177,092	404,712
Radio Towers		71,165		61,780		9,385	42,127
Facilities Improvements		49,991		44,991		5,000	117,823
Security Plan		7,545		1,242		6,303	77,961

		2023		
			Variance -	
	Final		Positive	2022
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
General Government: (Continued)				
Property and Liability Insurance	\$ 401,400	\$ 555,925	\$ (154,525)	\$ 410,482
Health Program Expenses	88,000	56,128	31,872	51,828
Maps and Plat Books	2,500	=	2,500	=
Sundry Department Expenses	3,800	560	3,240	159
Contingency	292,500	-	292,500	-
Computer Outlay	315,363	245,228	70,135	259,432
Total General Government	11,974,989	10,747,441	1,227,548	10,463,351
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	965,119	1,053,933	(88,814)	989,641
Investigations	697,873	688,043	9,830	669,119
Patrol	2,426,598	2,537,643	(111,045)	2,511,654
Sheriff's Department Training and Equipment	1,249,814	838,590	411,224	744,608
Reserve Officers	134,000	165,388	(31,388)	160,597
Snowmobile Patrol	21,125	23,319	(2,194)	41,205
Rifle Range	3,775	895	2,880	3,240
Water Safety Patrol	32,389	31,958	431	33,735
All Terrain Vehicle Trail Patrol	23,390	37,448	(14,058)	28,196
Police Radio	48,814	57,085	(8,271)	7,313
Fire Suppression	5,000	719	4,281	2,603
Building Inspection Fund	160,393	106,397	53,996	102,138
Emergency Government	123,969	114,575	9,394	117,828
SARA Program (Hazardous Materials)	45,197	39,647	5,550	34,858
Special Grants - Emergency Government	10,000	· -	10,000	133
County Jail	3,435,122	3,557,496	(122,374)	3,423,074
Jail Canteen Fund	124,010	150,943	(26,933)	113,063
Telecommunications	1,339,952	1,458,219	(118,267)	1,402,090
Uniform Addressing	100,332	107,982	(7,650)	103,386
Total Public Safety	10,946,872	10,970,280	(23,408)	10,488,481

			2023			
		nal lget	Actual	Po	iance - ositive gative)	2022 Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)			 		g	
Public Works:						
County Trunk Highway System (see Schedule E-4)	\$ 10,0	699,128	\$ 10,699,128	\$	-	\$ 10,846,238
Recycling	;	314,627	281,167		33,460	298,970
Airport		132,890	132,890		-	131,574
Total Public Works	11,	146,645	11,113,185		33,460	11,276,782
Health and Human Services:						
Public Health Nurse	(682,975	529,710		153,265	508,227
Home Nursing Program		-	651		(651)	1,522
Health Clinics		28,000	22,588		5,412	18,548
Child Support	;	862,477	841,296		21,181	817,689
Veterans' Service Officer	:	220,744	222,732		(1,988)	210,221
Veterans' Relief		6,886	4,732		2,154	3,181
Care of Veterans' Graves		650	603		47	645
Total Health and Human Services	1,8	801,732	1,622,312		179,420	1,560,033
Culture, Recreation, and Education:						
Grants to Public Libraries	1,0	001,868	1,001,868		-	902,109
Snowmobile Trails	:	246,210	350,075		(103,865)	147,194
All Terrain Vehicle Trails		22,162	22,424		(262)	20,669
University Extension	:	224,884	190,451		34,433	172,789
Old Abe Trail		15,000	740		14,260	1,025
Hickory Ridge/River Road Trail		500,500	89,022		411,478	1,923
Extension Education Programs		72,900	93,385		(20,485)	88,786
Total Culture, Recreation, and Education	2,0	083,524	1,747,965		335,559	1,334,495
Conservation and Development:						
County Forestry Department	;	372,856	393,331		(20,475)	329,576
County Parks	9	970,111	790,001		180,110	544,201
Forest Roads		6,375	6,360		15	6,360
State Forestry Fund		50,000	52,110		(2,110)	49,750
Comprehensive Planning Project		50,000	=		50,000	-
Land Conservation Stewardship		100,000	=		100,000	50,000
Conservation Committee		700	700		-	639
Land Conservation		784,338	618,526		165,812	308,211
Lake Protection Grant		15,000	4,974		10,026	33,659
SWRM Grant Expenditures		-	-		-	549,720
Targeted Runoff Management		196,000	-		196,000	940,846
Stormwater Planning Grant		43,303	42,698		605	39,089
Special Conservation Projects	;	313,625	15,931		297,694	34,064
Wildlife Habitat Management		1,620	2,675		(1,055)	-
TMDL - Little Lake Wissota		50,500	24,135		26,365	18,708

				2023		
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2022 Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		Daaget	•	,	 (<u>g</u> aa.re)	 , 10144.
Conservation and Development: (Continued)						
Gravel Pits	\$	290,000	\$	279,617	\$ 10,383	\$ 202,108
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program		4,000		· -	4,000	1,610
Housing Authority		1,150		607	543	824
Zoning		564,092		561,226	2,866	539,193
Economic Development		192,600		192,000	600	192,000
Environmental Impact Fee		3,605		-	3,605	-
Broadband		-		9,893	(9,893)	-
Tourism Development		32,270		32,270	-	32,270
Total Conservation and Development		4,042,145		3,027,054	1,015,091	3,872,828
Debt Service:						
Lease/SBITA Principal		2,300		182,239	(179,939)	44,214
Interest on Leases/SBITA		-		9,290	(9,290)	3,096
Total Debt Service		2,300	•	191,529	(189,229)	47,310
					, , ,	
Total Expenditures	-	41,998,207		39,419,766	2,578,441	39,043,280
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,038,776)		(1,392,377)	4,646,399	(3,855,187)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease/SBITAs Issued		-		94,233	94,233	6,518
Transfers In:						
County Sales Tax Fund		2,533,917		3,195,654	661,737	2,852,227
Human Services Fund		-		1,128,533	1,128,533	-
Land Management Fund		-		280,284	280,284	98,639
ADRC Fund		-		18,835	18,835	37,658
Public Health Fund		-		-	-	99,881
Workers Compensation Fund		-		218,378	218,378	46,718
Health Insurance Fund		-		92,500	92,500	92,500
Liability Insurance Fund		-		36,500	36,500	36,500
Transfers Out:						
Human Services Fund		-		(750,000)	(750,000)	(465,000)
Public Health Fund		-		(115,680)	(115,680)	-
County Sales Tax Fund		-		-	-	(223,980)
Highway Department Fund		(292,500)		(353,390)	(60,890)	(160,496)
Self-Funded Liability Insurance		-		(500,000)	(500,000)	-
Self-Funded Health Insurance Fund		-		(65,000)	(65,000)	-
Flexible Benefits Fund				(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,241,417		3,274,847	1,033,430	2,415,165
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,797,359)		1,882,470	5,679,829	(1,440,022)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		22,299,341		22,299,341		 23,739,363
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	18,501,982	\$	24,181,811	\$ 5,679,829	\$ 22,299,341

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN DETAILED BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE – DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2022)

	2018 Capital Projects <u>Debt</u>		Cap	2020 ital Projects	2022 Capital Pro		Totals				
			Debt		Debt			2023		2022	
ASSETS Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$	94,458	\$	673,962	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	768,420	\$	830,390	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Fund Balance Restricted	\$	94,458	\$	673,962	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	768,420	\$	830,390	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Capi	2018 tal Projects	Capi	2020 tal Projects	Capi	2022 tal Projects	Tot		
		Debt	Debt			Debt	 2023	2022	
EXPENDITURES									
Principal Retirement	\$	755,000	\$	570,000	\$	265,000	\$ 1,590,000	\$	1,575,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		186,300		41,600		93,700	 321,600		278,800
Total Expenditures		941,300	1	611,600		358,700	1,911,600		1,853,800
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Premium on Debt Issued		-		_		-	-		61,970
Transfer In from Sales Tax Fund		941,300		611,600		296,730	1,849,630		1,853,800
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		941,300		611,600		296,730	1,849,630		1,915,770
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(61,970)	(61,970)		61,970
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		94,458		673,962		61,970	 830,390		768,420
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	94,458	\$	673,962	\$	-	\$ 768,420	\$	830,390

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FARM LAND DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2022)

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Treasurer's Cash	\$ 4,092,597	\$ 3,755,989
Noncurrent Assets:		
Notes Receivable	1,390,650	1,677,584
Property Held for Resale:		
Land	437,391	430,703
Land Improvements	794,371	855,468
Capital Assets:		
Land	22,653_	22,653
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,645,065	2,986,408
Total Assets	6,737,662	6,742,397
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Vouchers Payable	11,856	2,743
Special Deposits	4,589_	4,589
Total Liabilities	16,445	7,332
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	22,653	22,653
Unrestricted	6,698,564	6,712,412
Total Net Position	\$ 6,721,217	\$ 6,735,065

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FARM LAND DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023			2022
OPERATING REVENUES Gain on Sale of Property Other Miscellaneous Revenues Total Operating Revenues	\$	122,211 - 122,211	\$	371,702 1,305 373,007
OPERATING EXPENSES		136,059		42,450
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(13,848)		330,557
Net Position - Beginning of Year		6,735,065		6,404,508
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,721,217	\$	6,735,065

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – FARM LAND DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		,
Cash Received from the Sale of County Property and Deposits	\$ 463,554	\$ 822,753
Cash Received from Land Use	-	1,305
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	 (126,946)	 (39,707)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	336,608	784,351
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 3,755,989	 2,971,638
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,092,597	\$ 3,755,989
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (13,848)	\$ 330,557
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Cost Basis of Land and Land Improvements Sold	54,409	25,209
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	286,934	425,842
Increase (Decrease) in Vouchers Payable	 9,113	 2,743
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 336,608	\$ 784,351

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2022)

400	Highway Department		Self-Funded Workers Compensation		Self-Funded Health Insurance		ı	lf-Funded Liability surance	 Flexible Benefits Fund	Tot 2023	tals	2022
ASSETS												
CURRENT ASSETS												
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$	4,641,594	\$	2,083,255	\$	2,916,493	\$	296,967	\$ 142,853	\$ 10,081,162	\$	7,687,732
Departmental Cash - Petty Cash		100		-		=		_	=	100		100
Cash and Investments Held by Fiscal Agent		-		-		3,500		199,938	=	203,438		254,084
Accounts Receivable		91,703		46,163		680,433		35,571	-	853,870		136,307
Due from Other Governmental Units		730,554		-		-		_	_	730,554		1,149,097
Other Assets - Materials and Supplies		3,564,714		-		-		_	_	3,564,714		3,689,734
Prepaid Items		13,893		-		-		_	_	13,893		16,494
Total Current Assets		9,042,558		2,129,418		3,600,426		532,476	142,853	15,447,731		12,933,548
RESTRICTED ASSETS												
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset		-		=		=		-	=	=		1,939,065
NONCURRENT ASSETS												
Capital Assets:												
Not Being Depreciated/Amortized		404,430		-		=		-	-	404,430		100,280
Being Depreciated/Amortized		34,564,556		20,648		-		-	-	34,585,204		33,548,072
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(23,495,820)		(8,277)		-		-	-	(23,504,097)		(22,450,350)
Capital Contribution		-		-		242,292		-	-	242,292		=
Deposit with Public-Entity Risk Pool (WMMIC)		-		-		-		750,327	-	750,327		750,327
Total Noncurrent Assets		11,473,166		12,371		242,292		750,327	-	12,478,156		11,948,329
Total Assets		20,515,724		2,141,789		3,842,718		1,282,803	142,853	27,925,887		26,820,942
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related		4,697,038		-		=		-	-	4,697,038		3,775,136
County Other Postemployment Benefits Related		55,111		-		=		-	-	55,111		65,011
State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related		101,865		-		-			-	101,865		134,164
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,854,014		-		-		-	-	4,854,014		3,974,311

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2022)

LIABILITIES	Highway Department	Self-Funded Workers' Compensation	Self-Funded Health Insurance	Self-Funded Liability Insurance	Flexible Benefits Fund	Tot	als 2022
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 235.622	\$ 1.261	\$ 12.864	\$ 504	\$ 47.851	\$ 298.102	\$ 642.455
Present Value of Unpaid Losses	-	1,129,954	551,815	898,503	-	2,580,272	2,035,435
Due to General Fund	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	-	-	127,836
Unearned Cost Pool Revenues	24.280	_	_	_	_	24.280	106,694
Highway Construction Advance Payment	859,489	_	_	_	-	859,489	859,489
Current Portion of Subscription Liability	27,024	10,574	=	=	=	37,598	-
Current Portion of Employee Leave Liability	410,061	· -	-	-	=	410,061	392,814
Total Current Liabilities	1,556,476	1,141,789	564,679	899,007	47,851	4,209,802	4,164,723
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
(Net of Current Portion):							
Subscription Liability	27,891	-	-	-	-	27,891	-
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	67,955	-	-	-	-	67,955	78,944
State Life Insurance Net Postemployment Benefits Liability	238,643	-	-	-	-	238,643	380,945
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Liability	1,260,215	-	-	-	-	1,260,215	-
Estimated Employee Leave Liability	179,573	-	-	_	-	179,573	193,398
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,774,277					1,774,277	653,287
Total Liabilities	3,330,753	1,141,789	564,679	899,007	47,851	5,984,079	4,818,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	2,637,935	-	-	_	-	2,637,935	4,565,248
County Other Postemployment Benefits Related	71,046	-	-	-	-	71,046	75,197
State Life Insurance Postemployment Benefits Related	169,186	-	-	-	-	169,186	43,258
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,878,167	-	-	-	-	2,878,167	4,683,703
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,418,251	1,797	-	-	=	11,420,048	11,198,002
Restricted for Pension Plan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,939,065
Unrestricted	7,742,567	998,203	3,278,039	383,796	95,002	12,497,607	8,156,473
Total Net Position	\$ 19,160,818	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 3,278,039	\$ 383,796	\$ 95,002	\$ 23,917,655	\$ 21,293,540

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Highway			Self-Funded Health		Self-Funded Liability		To	tals
	Department	Compensat		Insurance	Insurance		Benefits Fund	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 16,061,330	\$ 1,132,	266 \$	8,581,187	\$ 362,	69 \$	\$ 286,275	\$ 26,423,227	\$24,317,436
OPERATING EXPENSES	23,146,714	803,	199	8,190,692	500,9	78	288,828	32,930,411	27,468,596
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(7,085,384)	329,	067	390,495	(138,8	809)	(2,553)	(6,507,184)	(3,151,160)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest Revenue	-	28,	227	113,998	3,6	22	-	145,847	40,073
Dividend Revenue	-		=	-	28,2	:58	-	28,258	24,704
Disposition of Assets	(5,200)		-	-		-	-	(5,200)	22,004
Lease Interest Expense	(1,705)	(513)	-		-	-	(2,218)	-
Nonoperating Depreciation	(20,444)		-	-			-	(20,444)	(20,444)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(27,349)	27,	714	113,998	31,8	80		146,243	66,337
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(7,112,733)	356,	781	504,493	(106,9	29)	(2,553)	(6,360,941)	(3,084,823)
TRANSFERS:									
Transfers from General Fund	353,390		-	65,000	500,0	00	6,000	924,390	166,496
Transfer from American Rescue Plan Act Fund	3,411,301		-	-		-	-	3,411,301	1,302,067
Transfer from Sales Tax Fund	1,850,000		-	-		-	-	1,850,000	1,875,000
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund	3,146,743		-	-		-	=	3,146,743	1,314,155
Transfers to General Fund		(218,	378)	(92,500)	(36,5	(00)	-	(347,378)	(175,718)
Total Transfers	8,761,434	(218,	378)	(27,500)	463,5	00	6,000	8,985,056	4,482,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,648,701	138,	103	476,993	356,5	71	3,447	2,624,115	1,397,177
Net Position - Beginning of Year	17,512,117	861,	597	2,801,046	27,2	25	91,555	21,293,540	19,896,363
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 19,160,818	\$ 1,000,	000 \$	3,278,039	\$ 383,7	96	\$ 95,002	\$ 23,917,655	\$ 21,293,540

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Highway	Self-Funded Workers'	Self-Funded Health	Self-Funded Liability	Flexible Benefits	Tota	als
	Department	Compensation	Insurance	Insurance	Fund	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash Received for Goods and Services:							
County/Departments	\$ 10,547,909	\$ 1,132,266	\$ 8,581,187	\$ 234,333	\$ -	\$ 20,495,695	\$23,674,393
Third Parties	5,856,563	-	-	-	-	5,856,563	702,869
Cash Received from Employees	-	-	-	-	286,275	286,275	318,001
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(12,130,534)	(9,677)	(12,835)	(10,600)	(6,758)	(12,170,404)	(9,775,084)
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(9,476,774)	(55,529)	-	-	-	(9,532,303)	(9,896,611)
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	=	(481,626)	(7,355,402)	(136,239)	(293,044)	(8,266,311)	(5,784,941)
Cash Payments for Insurance Premiums	-	(50,470)	(1,156,255)	(325,686)		(1,532,411)	(1,442,161)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	(5,202,836)	534,964	56,695	(238,192)	(13,527)	(4,862,896)	(2,203,534)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfer from (to) General Fund	353,390	(218,378)	(27,500)	463,500	6,000	577,012	(9,222)
Transfer from American Rescue Plan Act Fund	3,411,301	-	-	-	-	3,411,301	1,302,067
Transfer from Sales Tax Fund	1,850,000	_	_	_	_	1,850,000	1,875,000
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund	3,146,743	_	_	_	-	3,146,743	1,314,155
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	5,1.6,1.6					0,1.10,1.10	.,0,.00
Noncapital Financing Activities	8,761,434	(218,378)	(27,500)	463,500	6,000	8,985,056	4,482,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Cash Payments for Interest on Lease/SBITA Agreements	(1,705)	(513)	-	=	=	(2,218)	-
Cash Payments for Principal on Lease/SBITA Agreements	(31,225)	(10,074)	-	-	-	(41,299)	-
Cash Received from Salvage of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,994
Cash Payments for Acquisition and Major							
Repairs of Capital Assets	(1,656,805)		_			(1,656,805)	(1,631,118)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,689,735)	(10,587)	-	-	-	(1,700,322)	(1,556,124)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest and Dividends Received on Investments	-	28,227	113,998	21,013	-	163,238	77,870
Purchase of Investments	-	, <u>-</u>	(242,292)	,	-	(242,292)	, -
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities		28,227	(128,294)	21,013		(79,054)	77,870
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,868,863	334,226	(99,099)	246,321	(7,527)	2,342,784	800,212
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,772,831	1,749,029	3,019,092	250,584	150,380	7,941,916	7,141,704
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - DECEMBER 31	\$ 4,641,694	\$ 2,083,255	\$ 2,919,993	\$ 496,905	\$ 142,853	\$ 10,284,700	\$ 7,941,916

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Highway		,	elf-Funded Workers'		elf-Funded Health		Self-Funded Liability		Flexible Benefits		Tota	als	
DECONOULIATION OF OPERATING INCOME	Department		Co	mpensation		nsurance		Insurance		Fund		2023		2022
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME														
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)														
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф /7.005.00	14)	Φ	200.007	Φ.	200 405	Φ.	(420,000)	•	(0.550)	•	(0.507.404)	•	(0.454.400)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (7,085,38	34)	\$	329,067	\$	390,495	\$	(138,809)	\$	(2,553)	\$	(6,507,184)	\$	(3,151,160)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income														
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by														
Operating Activities:	4 440 44			0.077								4 450 444		1 005 004
Operating Depreciation/Amortization	1,442,13	37		8,277		-		-		-		1,450,414		1,385,084
Change in Wisconsin Pension System Related Items:	0.400.00											0.400.000		(000 500)
Asset / Liability	3,199,28			-		-		-		-		3,199,280		(383,509)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	(921,90	,		-		-		-		-		(921,902)		(1,200,824)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(1,927,3	13)		-		-		-		-		(1,927,313)		1,159,646
Change in County OPEB Related Items:														
Liability	(10,98	,		-		-		-		-		(10,989)		(332,104)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,90			-		-		-		-		9,900		(1,300)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(4,15	51)		-		-		-		-		(4,151)		36,367
Change in LRLIF OPEB Related Items:														
Liability	(142,30	,		-		-		-		-		(142,302)		(1,088)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	32,29	99		-		-		-		-		32,299		23,181
Deferred Inflows of Resources	125,92	28		-		-		-		-		125,928		(9,177)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:														
Accounts Receivable	(75,40)1)		(3,555)		(627,740)		-		-		(706,696)		(36,149)
Due from Other Governments	418,54	13		-		-		-		-		418,543		292,583
Materials and Supplies	125,02	20		-		-		-		-		125,020		(665,484)
Prepaid Items	2,60)1		-		-		-		_		2,601		(16,494)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:														
Accounts Payable	(312,11	10)		(33,841)		12,864		(292)		(10,974)		(344,353)		337,824
Present Value of Unpaid Losses	,	_		235,016		281,076		28,745		-		544,837		227,443
Due to Other Funds		_		´ -		· _		(127,836)		_		(127,836)		24,754
Unearned Cost Pool Revenues	(82,4	14)		_		_		-		_		(82,414)		106,694
Advance for Highway Construction	(,	_		_		_		_		_		-		6,100
Unused Vested Employee Benefits	3,42	22		_		_		_		_		3,422		(5,921)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by												-,		(3,=-1)
Operating Activities	\$ (5,202,83	36)	\$	534,964	\$	56,695	\$	(238,192)	\$	(13,527)	\$	(4,862,896)	\$	(2,203,534)

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 2023		2022	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services:				
County Highway Maintenance and Construction [1]	\$ 10,699,128	\$	10,846,238	
State Highway Maintenance and Construction	3,014,076		3,028,622	
Local Districts	1,292,600		805,571	
County Departments	119,560		118,717	
Nongovernmental Customers	197,632		123,755	
Nonhighway Fleet	68,743		58,549	
Miscellaneous:				
Other Revenue from State:				
Records, Reports and Supervision	182,883		171,667	
Equipment Storage	190,846		190,756	
Gravel Pit Sales	770		4,320	
Miscellaneous Highway Revenues	 295,092		128,843	
Total Operating Revenues	 16,061,330	-	15,477,038	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration and General:				
Administration	535,816		533,252	
Patrol Superintendent	123,081		122,015	
Engineering Technician	-		32,768	
Radio Expense	5,424		3,574	
Public Liability Insurance	80,764		81,033	
Transportation Cost Pools:			,,,,,,	
Machinery Operations	(787,620)		(413,136)	
Gravel Pits and Quarries	137,304		(170,882)	
Bituminous Operations	150,406		337,188	
Services Provided:	,		221,122	
County:				
General Maintenance	2,374,718		2,141,912	
Reconstruction and Betterments	8,684,953		8,452,016	
Winter Maintenance	1,417,639		1,670,320	
Bridge Construction	4,390,834		2,868,309	
Land Acquisition	60		1,560	
State:	00		1,000	
Highway Maintenance and Betterments	3,047,278		2,838,565	
Equipment Storage	137,866		137,866	
Damage Claims	77,765		77,765	
Salt Storage	11,932		11,932	
County Aid Bridge Construction	133,332		223,677	
Local Districts	1,292,600		805,571	
Local Departments	119,560		118,717	
Nongovernmental Customers	197,632		123,755	
Amortization of State Contributions Included Above	37,817		37,817	
	10,685			
Net Wissensin Betirement System Pension Evapore (Payonus)	·		(284,121)	
Net Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Expense (Revenue)	350,065		(424,687) 621,669	
Nonhighway Fleet	 616,803			
Total Operating Expenses	 23,146,714		19,948,455	
OPERATING LOSS	(7,085,384)		(4,471,417)	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		2022			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets	\$	(5,200)	\$	25,938	
Interest Expense		(1,705)		-	
Depreciation on Building Space Occupied by Other					
County Departments		(20,444)		(20,444)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(27,349)		5,494	
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS		(7,112,733)		(4,465,923)	
TRANSFERS					
Transfer from General Fund		353,390		160,496	
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund		3,146,743		1,314,155	
Transfer from American Rescue Plan Act Fund		3,411,301		1,302,067	
Transfer from Sales Tax Fund		1,850,000		1,875,000	
Total Interfund Transfers		8,761,434		4,651,718	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,648,701		185,795	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		17,512,117		17,326,322	
NET POSITION - END OF DECEMBER 31	\$	19,160,818	\$	17,512,117	
[1] Charges for County Maintenance and Construction Consists of the Following Payments from the General Fund:					
County Appropriations	\$	4,415,535	\$	4,473,648	
Vehicle Registration Fee	Ψ	1,655	Ψ	515	
State Transportation Aids		1,974,175		1,940,483	
State Local Road Improvement Program Aid		123,199		7,193	
Federal Aid Secondary Revenues		4,184,564		4,424,399	
Total	\$	10,699,128	\$	10,846,238	
. 664	<u> </u>	10,000,120	Ψ	10,070,200	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SELF-FUNDED LIABILITY INSURANCE – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023		2022	
REVENUES	 			
Charges to County	\$ 362,169	\$	288,016	
Interest Earnings on Funds Held by WMMIC	3,622		4,197	
Dividend from WMMIC	28,258		24,704	
Total Revenues	394,049		316,917	
EXPENSES				
Insurance Premiums Paid WMMIC	325,686		271,909	
Claims Expenses	135,947		22,288	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Year-End Present	,		,	
Value of Unpaid Claims - WMMIC	28,745		(12,504)	
Administrative and Other Expenses	10,600		`11,316 [´]	
Total Expenses	500,978	1	293,009	
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS	(106,929)		23,908	
TRANSFERS				
Transfer To General Fund	(36,500)		(36,500)	
Transfer from General Fund	500,000		-	
Total Transfers	463,500		(36,500)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	356,571		(12,592)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	27,225		39,817	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 383,796	\$	27,225	

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Tax			Clerk of		Human		N	lon-Metallic Mine	(Total Custodial
	Agency	Т	reasurer	Courts	5	Services	Sheriff		Deposits		Funds
ASSETS								-			
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$ 382,054	\$	413,965	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	796,019
Departmental Cash and Investments	-		-	654,138		50,971	73,823		4,701,600		5,480,532
Accounts Receivable	-		116,585	40,910		-	-		-		157,495
Total Assets	382,054		530,550	695,048		50,971	73,823		4,701,600		6,434,046
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	-		342,275	-		-	-		4,701,600		5,043,875
Due to Other Governmental Units:											
State	-		99,102	-		-	-		-		99,102
Local Governments	382,054		-	-		-	-		-		382,054
Total Liabilities	382,054		441,377	-		-	-		4,701,600		5,525,031
NET POSITION											
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations,											
and Other Governments	\$ _	\$	89,173	\$ 695,048	\$	50,971	\$ 73,823	\$		\$	909,015

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Tax Agency	Treasurer	Clerk of Courts	Human Services	Sheriff	Non-Metallic Mine Deposits	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Individuals	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,973	\$ 843,835	\$ -	\$ 848,808
Fines and Forfeitures	-	983,597	-	-	-	-	983,597
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	54,018,222	-	-	-	-	-	54,018,222
Licenses and Fees Collected for State	-	1,945,581	-	-	-	-	1,945,581
Miscellaneous		359,494	2,755,956				3,115,450
Total Additions	54,018,222	3,288,672	2,755,956	4,973	843,835	-	60,911,658
DEDUCTIONS							
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	54,018,222	-	-	-	-	-	54,018,222
Distributions to Participants	-	-	-	14,956	853,329	-	868,285
Payments to State	-	2,927,194	-	-	-	-	2,927,194
Payments to Local Governments	-	201,010	-	-	-	-	201,010
Payments to Others		93,745	2,819,088				2,912,833
Total Deductions	54,018,222	3,221,949	2,819,088	14,956	853,329		60,927,544
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)							
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	-	66,723	(63,132)	(9,983)	(9,494)	-	(15,886)
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		22,450	758,180	60,954	83,317		924,901
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 89,173	\$ 695,048	\$ 50,971	\$ 73,823	\$ -	\$ 909,015

